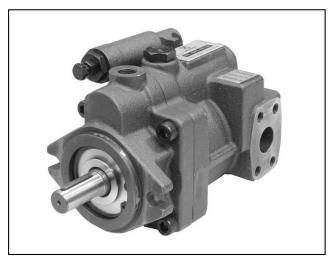
Зміст

Duplomatic-VPPL	2
Duplomatic-VPPM	22
Duplomatic-HPR	54

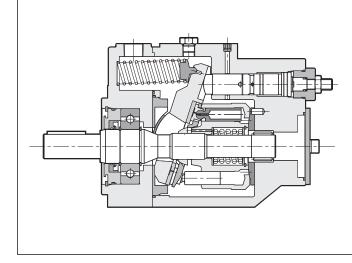
16 200/117 ED





VARIABLE DISPLACEMENT AXIAL-PISTON PUMPS FOR INTERMEDIATE PRESSURE SERIES 20

OPERATING PRINCIPLE



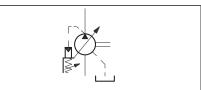
- The VPPL are variable displacement axial-piston pumps with variable swash plate, suitable for applications with open circuits and intermediate pressures.
- They are available in seven nominal sizes, with displacements of 8, 16, 22, 36, 46, 70 and 100 cm³/rev.
- The pump flow rate is proportional to the rotation speed and to the angle of the swash plate, which can be continuously modulated. The maximum and minimum angle can be limited mechanically via suitable regulating screws.
- They are usually supplied with a SAE J744 2-hole flange and a SAE J744 cylindrical with key shaft.
- They are available with four different types of regulating control, each according to the application needs.

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

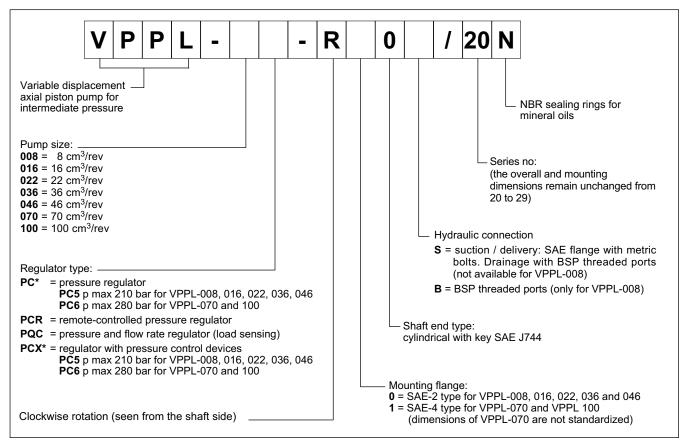
PUMP SIZE		008	016	022	036	046	070	100
Maximum displacement	cm ³ /rev	8	16	22	36	46	70	100
Flow rate at 1500 rpm	lt/min	12	24	33	54	69	105	150
Operating pressures	bar			210			280	
Rotation speed	rpm	min 500 - max 2000 min 500 - max 1					max 1800	
Rotation direction			clo	ockwise (se	een from th	e shaft sid	e)	
Hydraulic connection				Ş	SAE flange			
Type of mounting		SAE flange J744 - 2 holes						
Oil volume in the pump body	dm ³	0,2 0,3 0,6 1			1	1,8		
Mass	kg	8	12	12	23	23	41	60

Ambient temperature range	°C	-10 / +50	
Fluid temperature range	°C	-10 / +70	
Fluid contamination degree	see paragraph 2.3		
Recommended viscosity	cSt	20 ÷ 50	

HYDRAULIC SYMBOL



1 - IDENTIFICATION CODE



2 - HYDRAULIC FLUID

2.1 - Fluid type

Use mineral oil-based hydraulic fluids HL or HM type, according to ISO 6743-4. With these fluids use NBR seals. Using fluids at temperatures higher than 70 °C causes a faster degradation of the fluid and of the seals characteristics. The fluid must be preserved in its physical and chemical characteristics.

2.2 - Fluid viscosity

The operating fluid viscosity must be within the following range:

minimum viscosity	10 cSt	referred to a maximum temperature of 90 °C for the drainage fluid
optimum viscosity	20 / 50 cSt	referred to the operating temperature of the fluid in the tank
maximum viscosity	1000 cSt	limited only to the cold start-up of the pump, which has to be carried out with the plant at
		minimum pressure.

When selecting the fluid type, be sure that the true viscosity is within the range specified above at the operating temperature.

2.3 - Degree of fluid contamination

The maximum degree of fluid contamination must be according to ISO 4406:1999 class 20/18/15; therefore the use of a delivery or return filter with $\beta_{20} \ge 75$ is suggested.

A degree of maximum fluid contamination according to ISO 4406:1999 class 20/16/13 is recommended for optimum endurance of the pump. Hence, the use of a filter with $\beta_{10} \ge 100$ is recommended.

For the installation of filters on the suction line, see paragraph 10. The suction filter must be equipped with a by-pass valve and, if possible, with a clogging indicator and should be oversized to avoid cavitation problems.

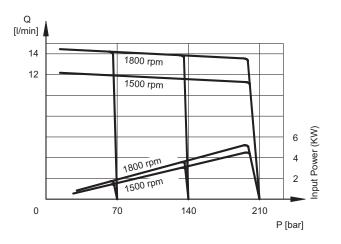
D



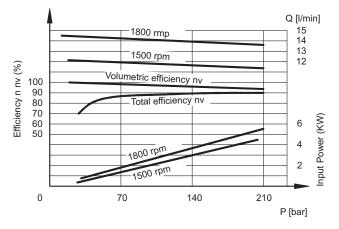
3 - CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

3.1 - VPPL-008 pump characteristic curves (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

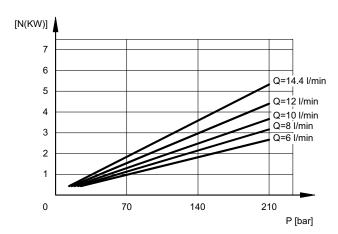
FLOW RATE / PRESSURE CURVES



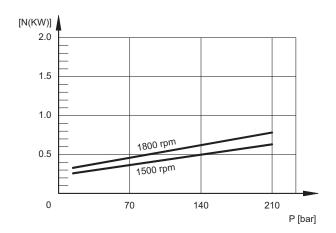
VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY



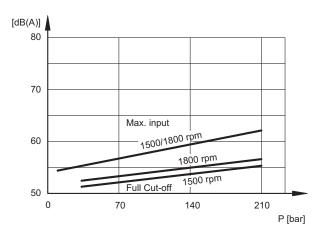
ABSORBED POWER



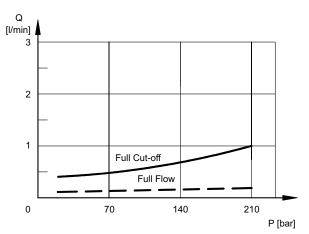
INPUT POWER AT FULL CUT-OFF



NOISE LEVEL



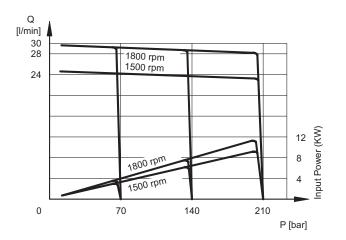
DRAIN FLOW RATE





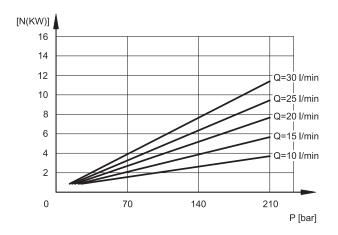
$\textbf{3.2 - VPPL-016 pump characteristic curves} (\textit{values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50^{\circ}C})$

FLOW RATE / PRESSURE CURVES

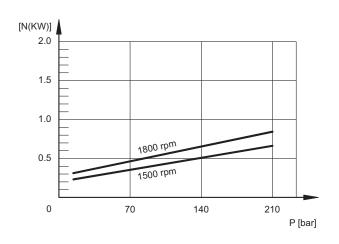


Q [l/min] 30 28 26 24 22 1800 rpm 1500 rpm Efficiency n nv (%) Volumentric efficiency nv 100 90 80 70 60 50 Total efficiency nv Input Power (KW) 12 10 8 6 4 2 1800 rpm 1500 rpm 70 0 140 210 P [bar]

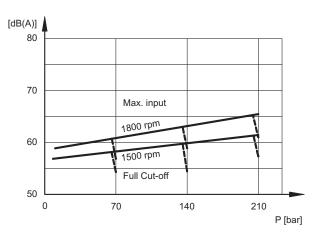
ABSORBED POWER



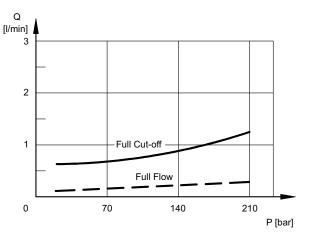
INPUT POWER AT FULL CUT-OFF



NOISE LEVEL





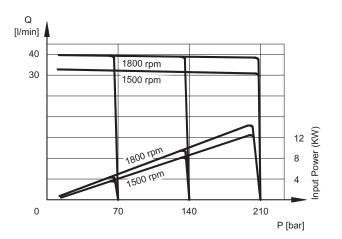


VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY



3.3 - VPPL-022 pump characteristic curves (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

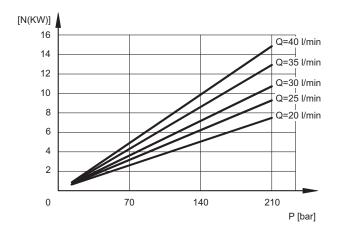
FLOW RATE / PRESSURE CURVES



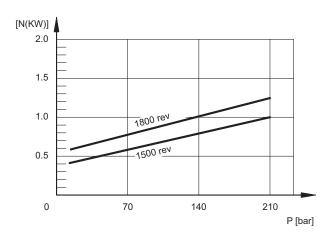
Q [l/min] 40 35 30 25 .1800 rpm 1500 rpm Efficiency n nv (%) Volumetric efficiency nv 100 90 80 70 60 50 Total efficiency n 16 14 12 10 8 6 4 2 Input Power (KW) 1800 rpm 1500 rp 0 70 140 210 P [bar]

VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY

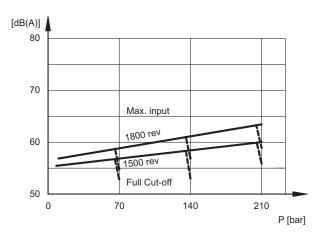
ABSORBED POWER



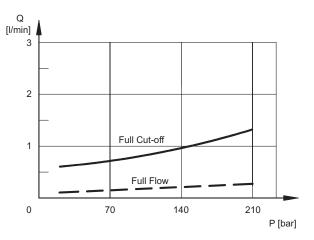
INPUT POWER AT FULL CUT-OFF



NOISE LEVEL



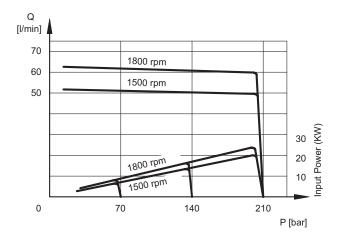


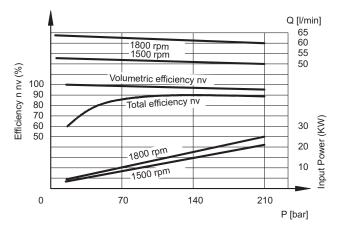




$\textbf{3.4 - VPPL-036 pump characteristic curves} (\textit{values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50^{\circ}C})$

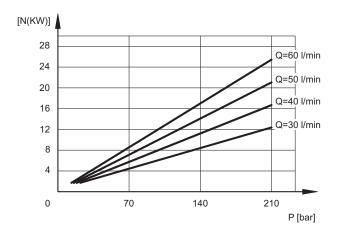
FLOW RATE / PRESSURE CURVES



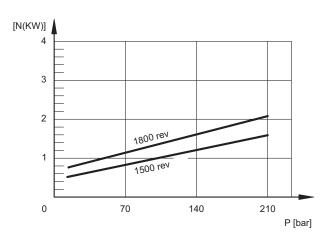


VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY

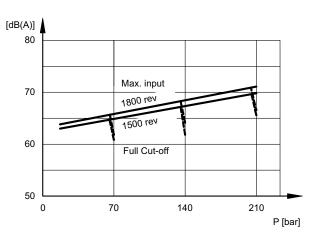
ABSORBED POWER



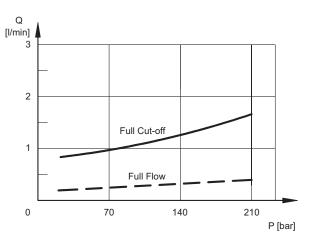
INPUT POWER AT FULL CUT-OFF



NOISE LEVEL



DRAIN FLOW RATE

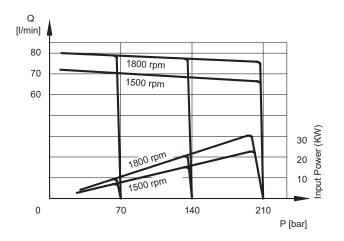


D



3.5 - VPPL-046 pump characteristic curves (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

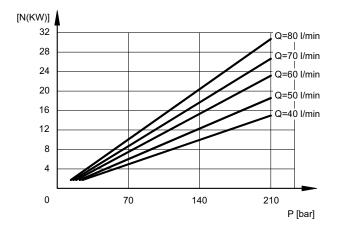
FLOW RATE / PRESSURE CURVES



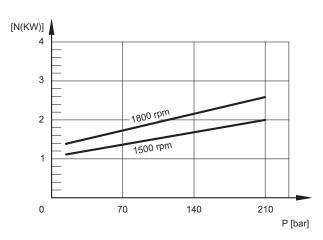
Q [l/min] 80 75 70 65 1800 rpm 1500 rpm Efficiency n nv (%) Volumetric efficiency nv 100 90 80 70 60 50 Total efficiency n Input Power (KW) 30 20 1800 rp 10 1500 rpm 0 70 140 210 P [bar]

VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY

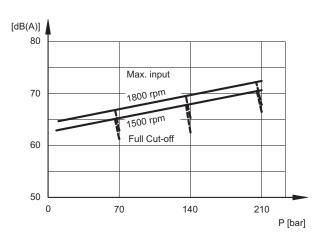
ABSORBED POWER



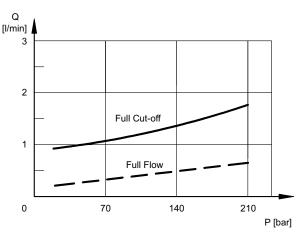
INPUT POWER AT FULL CUT-OFF



NOISE LEVEL



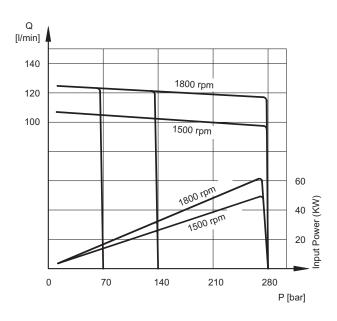
DRAIN FLOW RATE

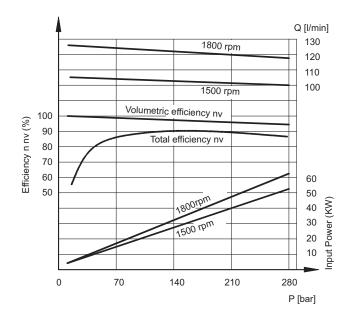




3.4 - VPPL-070 pump characteristic curves (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

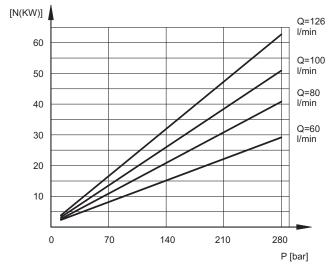
FLOW RATE / PRESSURE CURVES



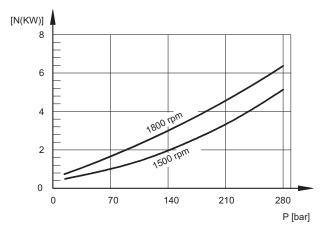


VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY

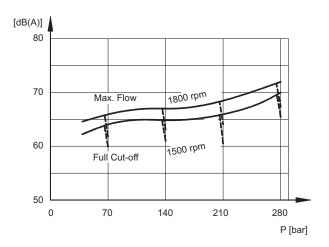




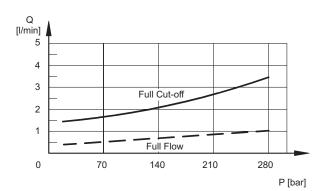




NOISE LEVEL





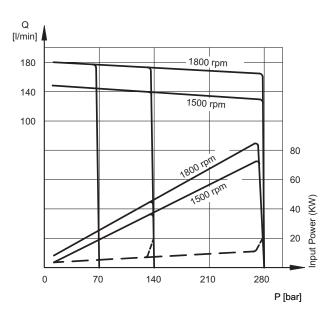


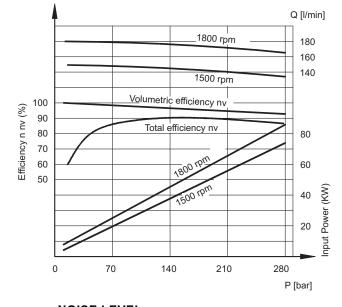
D



3.5 - VPPL-100 pump characteristic curves (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

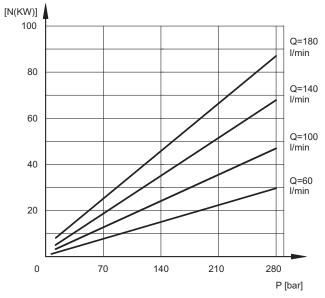
FLOW RATE / PRESSURE CURVES



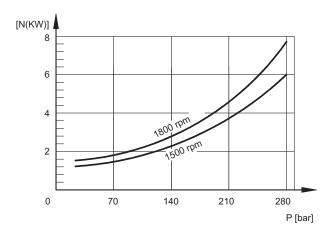


VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY

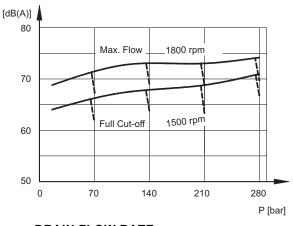




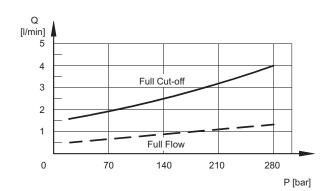




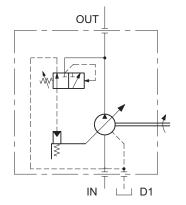
NOISE LEVEL







4 - REGULATORS 4.1 - Pressure regulator: PC*



The PC* pressure regulator keeps the pressure at a constant set level in the circuit, thus adjusting automatically the pump flow rate according to the real need of the system.

The desired pressure can be set by manually adjusting the P regulation valve. The clockwise rotation of the adjustment bolt makes the pressure increase.

FEATURES OF THE PC REGULATOR:

 pressure adjustment range:
 PC5 = 30 ÷ 210 bar (for VPPL 008, 016, 022, 036 and 046) pressure increase/adjustment screw round: 69 bar
 PC6 = 30 ÷ 280 bar (for VPPL 070 and 100) pressure increase/adjustment screw round: 78 bar

4.2 - Remote-controlled pressure regulator: PCR

The PCR regulator allows a remote-control of the device via a remote control connected to the X port (typical application for submerged pumps). If a pressure regulating valve is used for the remote-control, it is suggested to use a direct operated valve with a size suitable to 1,5 l/min pilot flow rate.

NOTE: The maximum length of the connection between the valve and X port of the pump must not be longer than 2 m.

4.2.1 - Remote-controlled pressure regulator: PCR for VPPL 008, 016, 022, 036 e 046

FEATURES OF THE REGULATOR:

- remote-adjustment pressure = 20 ÷ 210 bar

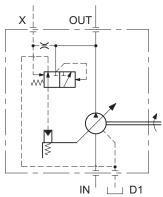
- flow rate available on the X port
- for the remote-control = about 1,5 l/min (approx.)

4.2.2 - Remote-controlled pressure regulator: PCR for VPPL 070 e 100

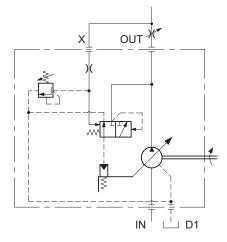
FEATURES OF THE REGULATOR:

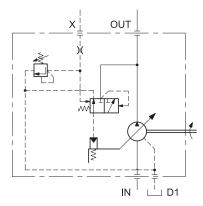
It also limits the line maximum pressure.

- pressure regulating range 30 ÷ 280 bar
- pressure increase/adjustment screw round: 78 bar
- remote-regulated pressure range = 20 ÷ 280 bar
- flow rate available on the X port for the remote-control = about 1,5 l/min



4.3 - Pressure and flow rate regulator: PQC





This regulator, in addition to the pressure adjustment (as for the PC* model), allows the pump flow rate control, according to the Δp pressure drop measured on either side of a throttle valve installed on the user line.

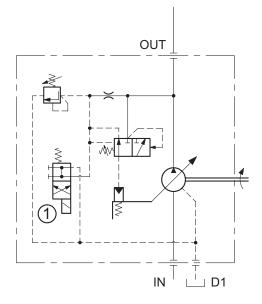
Note: The connection pipe between the X port and the flow line downstream the restrictor (or valve) must always be made (customer charge).

FEATURES OF THE PQC REGULATOR:

- pressure adjustment range:
 - 11 ÷ 190 bar (for VPPL 008, 016, 022, 036 and 046) 13 ÷ 230 bar (for VPPL 070 and 100)
- pressure increase/adjustment screw round: 78 bar
- differential pressure adjustment range = 15 ÷ 28 bar
- minimum delivery pressure = 15 bar

4.4 - Regulator with pressure control devices: PCX*

4.4.1 - Electrical unloading



The PCX* regulator, mated to a suitable two-position solenoid valve, allows the electrical switching of the pump displacement in null condition and with minimum delivery pressure.

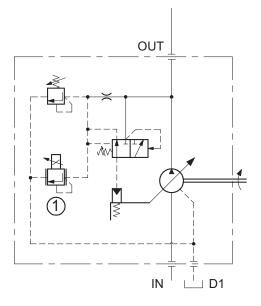
This function is useful for the pump unloading at the start-up or to operate at minimum pressure in the system during the machine cycle pause, with considerable energy saving.

The pressure switching is made by means of a solenoid valve (to be ordered separately) installed on the pump regulator directly.

PCX* FEATURES (electrical unloading):

- solenoid switching valve (1) = DS3-SA2 type (to be ordered separately - see cat. 41 150)
- solenoid valve OFF = pump at null displacement and delivery pressure = 20 bar
- solenoid valve ON = maximum displacement and delivery pressure set on regulator.
- pressure regulating range: 20 ÷ 210 bar for VPPL-008, 016, 022, 036 and 046 20 ÷ 280 bar for VPPL-070 and 100
- pressure increase/adjustment screw round = 78 bar
- default settings:
 - 210 bar for VPPL-008, 016, 022, 036 and 046 280 bar for VPPL-070 and 100

4.4.2 - Pressure regulation with electric proportional control



The PCX regulator mated with a proportional pressure relief valve, allows a continuous control and modulation of the system pressure.

The proportional pressure relief valve (to be ordered separately) is installed on the pump regulator directly.

PCX* FEATURES (proportional pressure regulation):

- pressure regulating range:

PCX5 = 20 ÷ 210 bar for VPPL-008, 016, 022, 036, 046. **PCX6** = 20 ÷ 280 bar for VPPL-070 and 100

- pressure increase/adjustment screw round = 78 bar

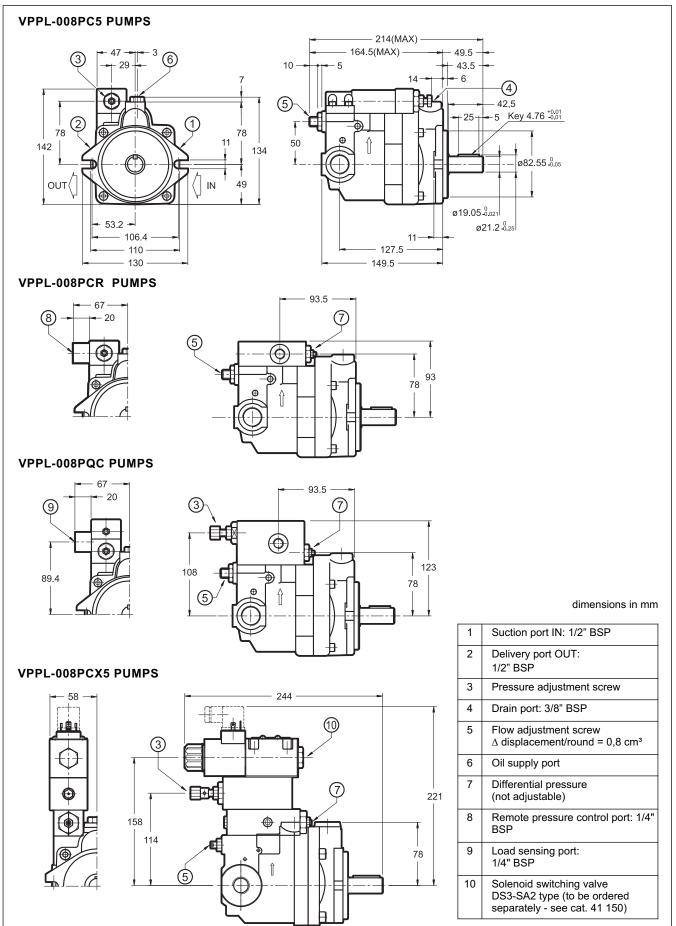
- default setting:

- **PCX5** = 210 bar for VPPL-008, 016, 022, 036 and 046 **PCX6** = 280 bar for VPPL-070 and 100
- proportional pressure relief valve (1) = PRED3 type (to be ordered with the relative control card separately - see cat. 81 210)
- proportional pressure regulating range : PRED3-070 20 ÷ 85 bar PRED3-210 20 ÷ 225 bar

Hysteresis = < 5% of p nom Repeatability = $< \pm 1,5\%$ of p nom

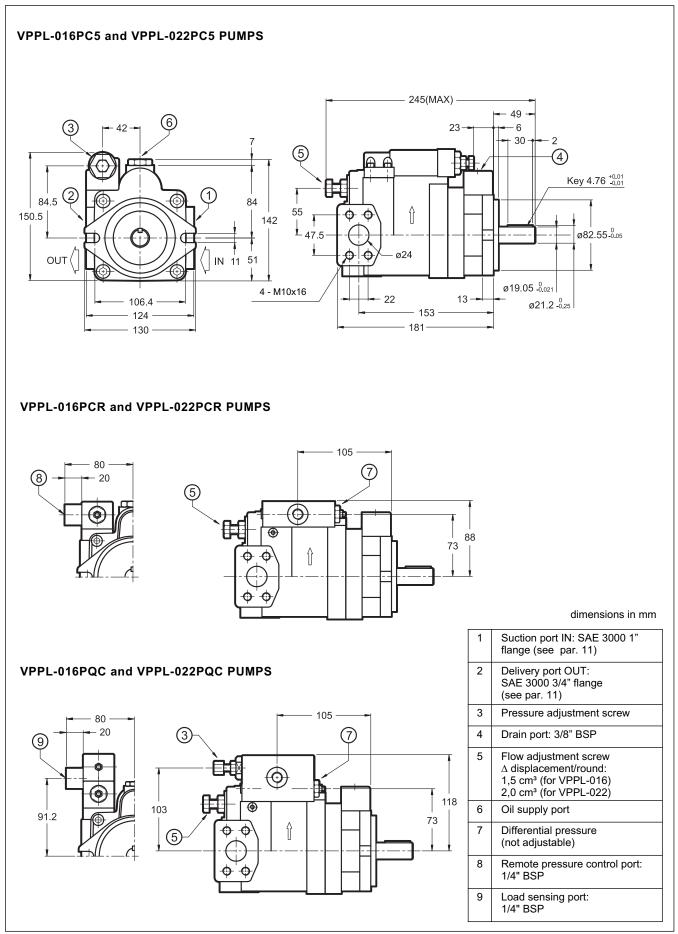
VPPL SERIES 20

5 - VPPL-008 PUMPS OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

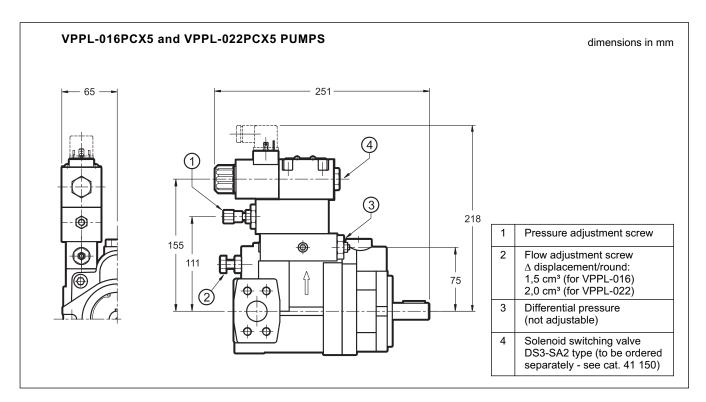




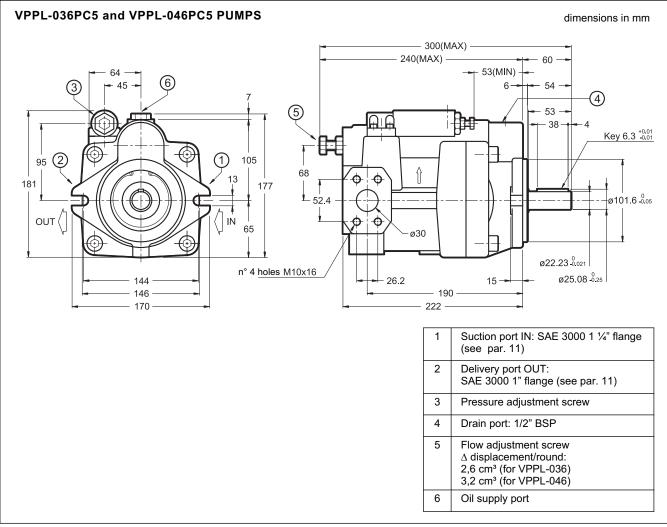
6 - VPPL-016 and VPPL-022 PUMPS OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



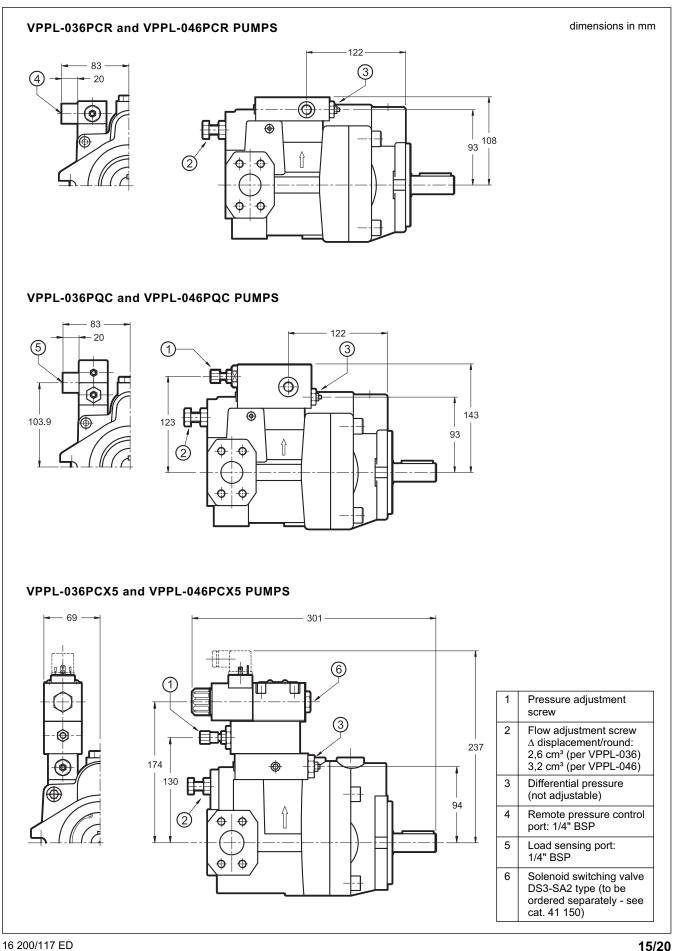




7 - VPPL-036 and VPPL-046 PUMPS OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

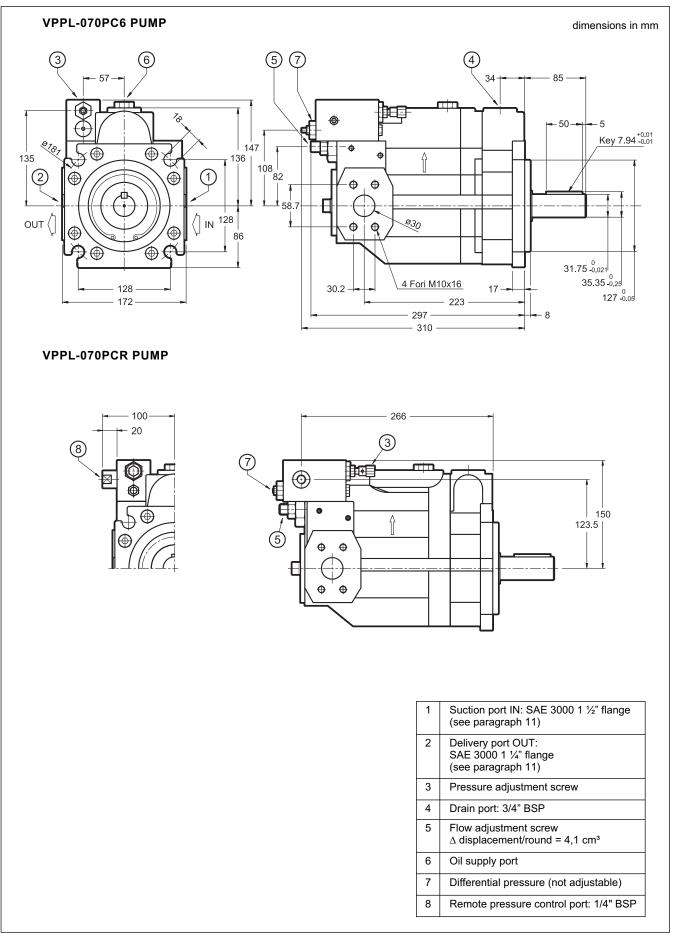




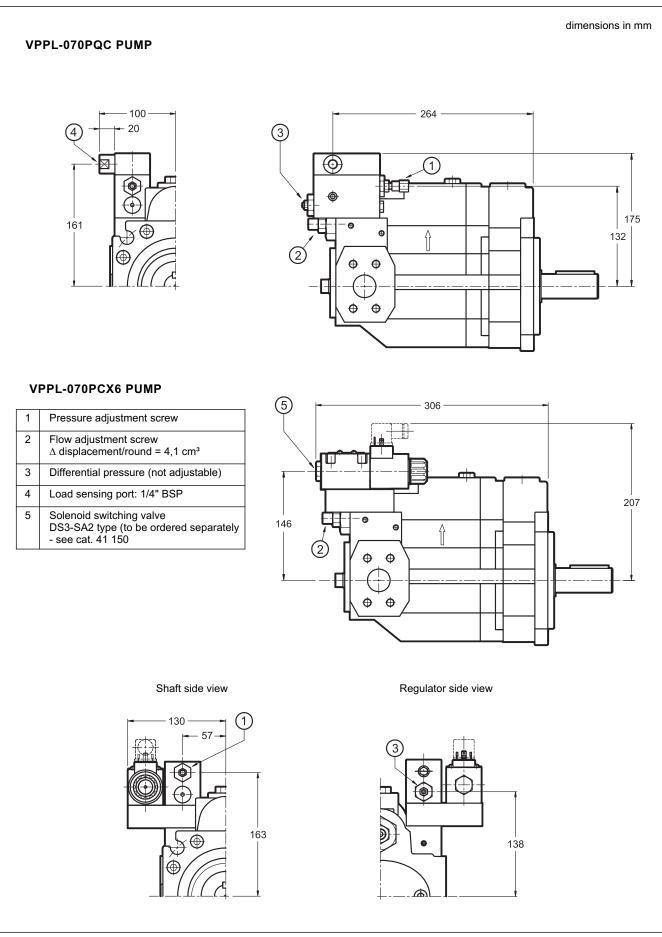


VPPL SERIES 20

8 - OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS VPPL-070 PUMPS

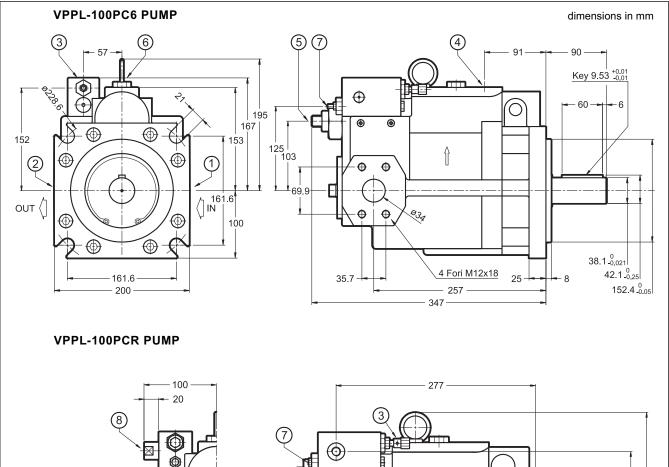


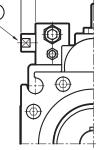


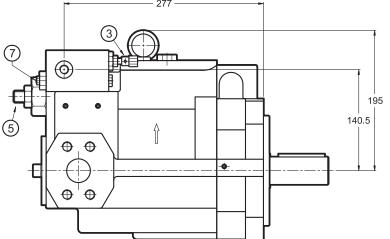


VPPL SERIES 20

9 - OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS VPPL-100 PUMPS

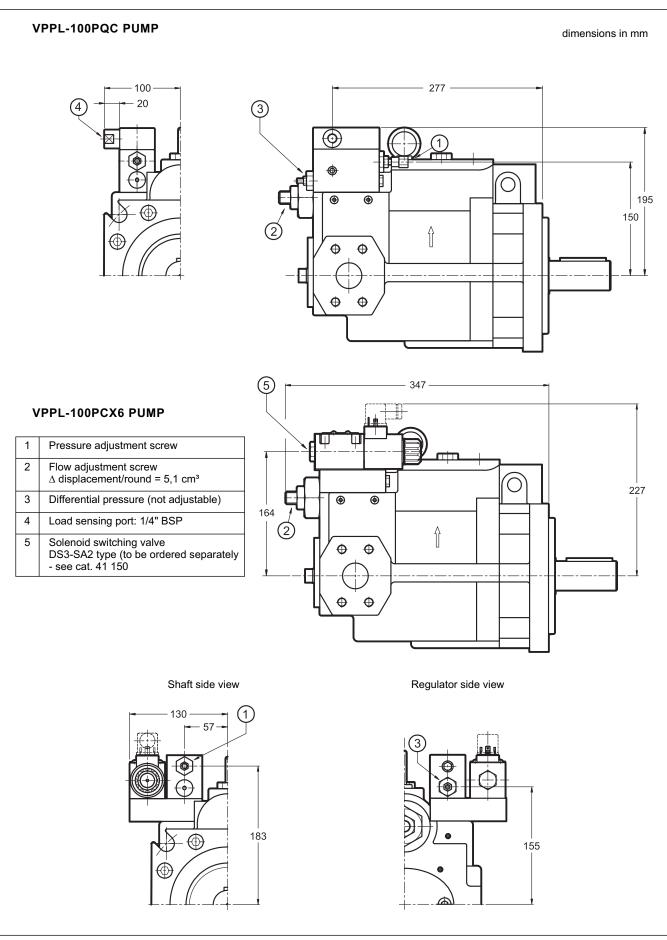






1	Suction port IN: SAE 3000 2" flange (see paragraph 11)
2	Delivery port OUT: SAE 6000 1 ¼" flange (see paragraph 11)
3	Pressure adjustment screw
4	Drain port: 3/4" BSP
5	Flow adjustment screw Δ displacement/round = 5,1 cm ³
6	Oil supply port
7	Differential pressure (not adjustable)
8	Remote pressure control port: 1/4" BSP





10 - INSTALLATION

- The VPPL pumps can be installed both in a horizontal and vertical position, with the shaft in an upward position.
- Note: the drain port has to be oriented so that the oil level inside the pump body is never lower than 3/4 of its volume.
- In the case of installation above the oil level, check that the minimal inlet pressure is not lower than -0.2 bars (relative). If a low noise emission level is required, the installation inside the tank is suggested.

In case of an installation inside the tank, with an oil level which does not grant complete pump submersion, it is suggested to adjust thee drain tube so that the pump higher bearing can be always lubricated.

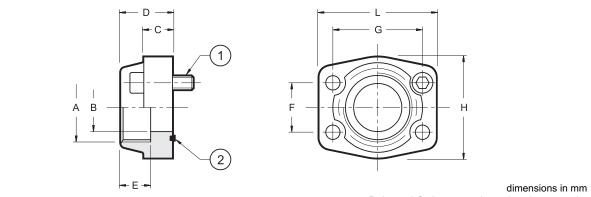
- Before starting, the pump body has to be filled with the fluid.

- Check the pump direction of rotation.
- It is necessary to vent the air from the delivery connection before operating it the first time. If the air venting should be difficult, the use of a venting valve is recommended.
- The pump start up should occur with the plant at minimum pressure, especially with low temperatures.
- The suction tube has to be suitably sized so that the suction pressure is never lower than -0.2 bar (relative). Bends or restrictions or an excessive tube length could further decrease the value of the suction pressure with a following increase in the noise emissions and a decrease in the pump lifetime.
- The drainage tube has to be sized so that the pressure inside the pump body is always lower than 0.5 bars (relative), even during the dynamic change and flow rate phases. The minimum piping size is 3/8" for the pump type 008, 016 and 022, while it should be at least 1/2" for the pumps type 036 and 046, 3/4" for the 070 and 100 pumps type.

The drain tube has to unload inside the tank far from the suction area.

- No check valves allowed on the suction line. As for details and the installation of filter elements, see paragraph 2.3.
- The motor-pump connection must be carried out directly with a flexible coupling, to reduce at the minimum the axial and radial loads on the pump shaft. The alignment tolerance between the two shafts must be within 0.05 mm.

11 - CONNECTION FLANGES



Bolts and O-rings must be ordered separately.

	Flange code	Flange description	p _{max} [bar]	ØA	ØВ	С	D	Е	F	G	н	L	1 SHC bolts ISO 4762	2
	0610719	SAE - 3/4"	345	3/4" BSP	19	18	36	19	22,2	47,6	50	65		OR 4100 (24.99x3.53)
	0610713	SAE - 1"	345	1" BSP	25	18	38	22	26,2	52,4	55	70	n° 4 - M10x35	OR 4131 (32.93x3.53)
SAE 3000	0610720	SAE - 1 ¼"	276	1 ¼" BSP	32	21	41	22	30,2	58,7	28	79		OR 4150 (37.69x3.53)
0.0	0610714	SAE - 1 1/2"	207	1 ½" BSP	38	25	45	24	35,7	69,9	78	93	n° 4 - M12x45	OR 4187 (47.23x3.53)
	0610721	SAE - 2"	207	2" BSP	51	25	45	30	42,9	77,8	90	102	n° 4 - M12x45	OR 4225 (56.74x3.53)
SAE 6000	0770106	SAE - 1 ¼"	420	1 ¼" BSP	32	27	45	25	31,7	66,7	78	95	n° 4 - M14x50	OR 4150 (37.69x3.53)

DUPLOMATIC

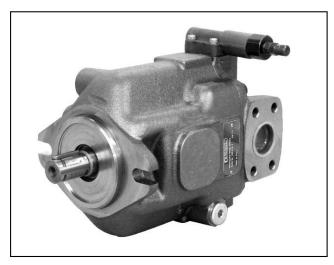
DUPLOMATIC MS S.p.A.

via M. Re Depaolini 24 • 20015 PARABIAGO (MI) • ITALY

tel. +39 0331.895.111 • www.duplomatic.com • e-mail: sales.exp@duplomatic.com

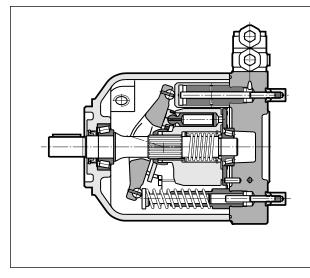
16 100/117 ED





VARIABLE DISPLACEMENT AXIAL-PISTON PUMPS

OPERATING PRINCIPLE



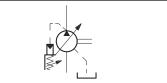
- The VPPM pumps are variable displacement axial-piston pumps with variable swash plate, suitable for applications with open circuits.
- They are available in three different frame sizes with maximum displacements up to 29, 46, 73 and 87cm³/rev.
- The pump flow rate is proportional to the rotation speed and to the angle of the swash plate, which can be continuously modulated. The maximum and minimum angle can be limited mechanically via suitable regulating screws.
- The pumps feature medium-high working pressures (up to 280 bar constant and 350 bar peak). Thanks to some particular design features, these pumps are able to bear high axial and radial loads on the shaft.
- They are usually supplied with a ISO 3019/2 mounting flange, with the exception of the rear and intermediate pumps, if multiple pumps, which are only available with a SAE J744 2-holes flange and a SAE J744 splined shaft (see paragraph 16).
- They are available with seven different types of regulating control, each according to the application needs (see paragraphs 8 ÷ 14).

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

PUMP SIZE		029	046	073	087	
Maximum displacement	cm ³ /rev	29	46	73	087	
Max. delivery pressure (relative): - continuous - intermittent (NOTE 1) - peak	bar		250 280 315			
Maximum rotation speed at maximum displacement (NOTE 2)	rpm	3000	2600	2200	1850	
Rotation direction		clockwi	se or anticlockwise	(looking at the driv	e shaft)	
Hydraulic connection		SAE flange fittings (see paragraph 24)				
Type of mounting (single pump)		ISO 3019/2 flange				
Mass (empty single pump)	kg	18	24	33	33	

Ambient temperature range	°C -15 / +70				
Fluid temperature range	°C -25 / +80				
Fluid viscosity range	see paragraph 2.2				
Fluid contamination degree	see paragraph 2.3				
Recommended viscosity	cSt	15 ÷ 35			

HYDRAULIC SYMBOL

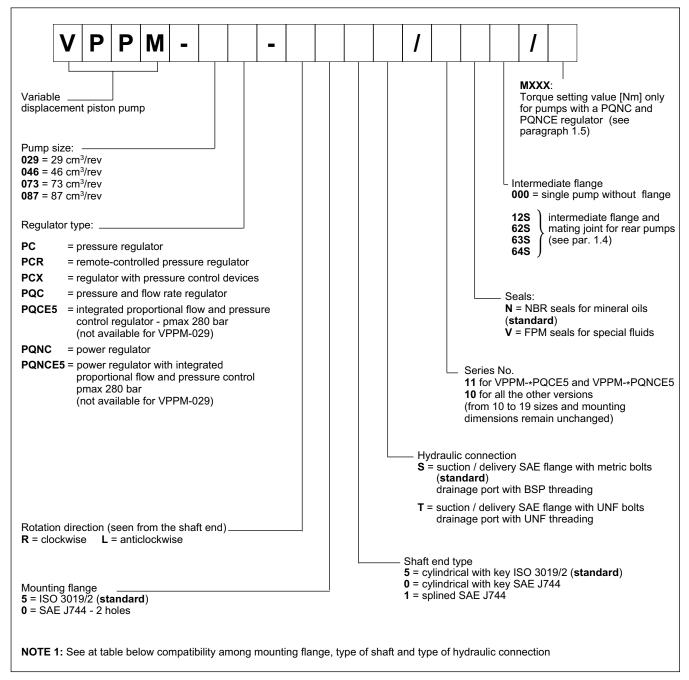


NOTE 1: Allowed intermittent duty pressures with a duration equal to 6 seconds per minute. **NOTE 2**: Values referring to a zero bar pressure (relative) on the suction port.



1 - IDENTIFICATION CODES

1.1 - Identification code for single and front pumps with a through output shaft



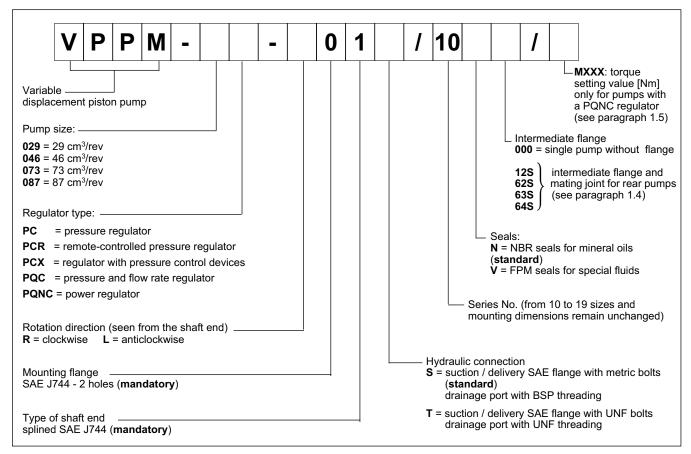
Compatibility among mounting flange, type of shaft and type of hydraulic connection

FLANGE CODE		SHAFT CODE	E	HYDRAULIC CON	NECTION CODE
	5	0	1	S	т
5	yes	no	no	yes	no
0	no	yes	yes	yes	yes

VPPM pumps are supplied as standard with mechanical minimum and maximum displacements limit controls. These devices are not available for front and intermediate pumps with a through output shaft.



1.2 - Identification code for intermediate pumps with a through output shaft and rear pumps



1.3 - Identification code for double pumps

identification code + identification code 1st pump 2nd pump

1.4 - Identification code for intermediate flange and mating joint for pumps with a through output shaft

According to the pump to be coupled, it is necessary to define, into the identification code, the flange and mating joint type to be applied to the pump with a through output shaft.

The following table states the flange and joint reference code according to the different pump types to be pulled, stating also the possible coupling combinations.

Identification code for intermediate flange + mating joint	intermediate flange	mating joint	pump to be mated	possible c	ombinations for VPPM pump with a through output shaft			
				29	46	73	87	
125	SAE J744 2 holes - type "A"	SAE J744 splined 16/32 D.P 9T	GP 2 external gear	yes	yes	yes	yes	
62S	SAE J744 2 holes - type "B"	SAE J744 splined 16/32 D.P 13T	GP 3 external gear VPPM-029	yes	yes	yes	yes	
63S	SAE J744 2 holes - type "B"	SAE J744 splined 16/32 D.P 15T	VPPM-046	no	yes	yes	yes	
64S	SAE J744 2 holes - type "C"	SAE J744 splined 12/24 D.P 14T	VPPM-073	no	no	yes	yes	
64S	SAE J744 2 holes - type "C"	SAE J744 splined 12/24 D.P 14T	VPPM-087	no	no	no	yes	

NOTE: For the flange type and dimensions see paragraph 20.



ELECTRICA POI		VPF	PM-029	VPP	VPPM-046		M-073	VPPM-087	
Power [kW]	N [rpm]	torque [Nm]	p regulation start. [bar]						
4	1425	26 (#)	46	-	-	-	-	-	-
5,5	1440	36 (#)	62	36 (#)	41	-	-	-	-
7,5	1450	50	84	50 (#)	56	-	-	-	-
9,2	1460	60	103	60 (#)	68	60 (#)	44	-	-
11	1455	72	124	72	82	72 (#)	53	-	-
15	1460	98	168	98	111	98 (#)	72	-	-
18,5	1460	-	-	122	137	122	89	-	-
22	1465	-	-	144	163	144	105	-	-
30	1470	-	-	-	-	196	143	196	126
37	1470	-	-	-	-	240	175	240	156
45	1470	-	-	-	-	-	-	293	190
55	1475	-	-	-	-	-	-	356	231

1.5 - Standardized torque values for PQNC and PQNCE regulators

(#) With this adjustment value the pump is in venting position with a pressure lower than 280 bar.

1.6 - Identification examples

- a) 29 cm³/rev single pump with pressure regulator ISO mounting flange and shaft (standard) VPPM-029PC-R55S/10N000
- b) 46 cm³/rev single pump with pressure regulator with remote control SAE mounting flange and SAE splined shaft
 VPPM-046PCR-R01S/10N000
- c) 73 cm³/rev single pump with pressure control devices ISO mounting flange and shaft (standard) VPPM-073PCX-R55S/10N000
- d) 46 cm³/rev single pump with integrated proportional flow and pressure control regulator pressure regulation up to 280 bar VPPM-046PQCE5-R55S/11N000
- e) 46 cm³/rev single pump with power regulator set at 18,5 kW at 1460 rpm (torque = 122 Nm) VPPM-046PQNC-R55S/10N000/M122

f) 73 cm³/rev single pump with power regulator with integrated proportional flow and pressure control - power regulator set at 98 Nm - pressure regulation up to 280 bar

VPPM-073PQNCE5-R55S/11N000/M098

- g) 73 cm³/rev front pump with pressure regulator, ready to mate to a VPPM-029 pump VPPM-073PC-R55S/10N62S
- h) double pump made of: 46 cm³/rev front pump with pressure and flow rate regulator - 29 cm³/rear pump with pressure regulator

VPPM-046PQC-R55S/10N62S + VPPM-029PC-R01S/N000

VPPM-073PQC-	R55S/10N63S + VPPM-046PC-R01S/10N12S + GP2-0140R01F/20N
	 - 14 cm³/rev rear gear pump group 2
	 - 46 cm³/rev intermediate pump with pressure regulator
i) triple pump made of:	 - 73 cm³/rev front pump with flow rate and pressure regulator

2 - HYDRAULIC FLUID

2.1 - Fluid type

Use mineral oil based hydraulic fluids with anti-foam and antioxidant additives according to the DIN 51524 norm. For use with other types of fluid, keep in mind the limitations shown in the following table or consult our technical department for authorization of use.

FLUID TYPE	NOTES		
HFC (water glycol solutions with proportion of water ≤ 40%)	The performance ratings shown in the table 'PERFORMANCES' must be reduced as follows: max continuous pressure: 170 bar max peak pressure: 200 bar max rotation speed: VPPM-029 = 2100 rpm VPPM-046 = 2000 rpm VPPM-073 and VPPM-087 = 1700 rpm - The suction pressure must be lower than 0,8 absolute bars (-0,2 relative bars) - The fluid maximum temperature must be between 0°C and 50°C. - Use NBR seals only.		
HFD (phosphate esters)	Such fluids do not require any particular performance limitation. It is suggested to operate with continuous duty pressures not higher than 200 bar and pressure peaks not higher than 240 bar. - The operating temperature must be between -10°C and 90°C. - Use VITON seals		

2.2 - Fluid viscosity

The operating fluid viscosity must be within the following range:

minimum viscosity	10 cSt	referred to a maximum temperature of 90 °C for the drainage fluid
optimum viscosity	15÷ 35 cSt	referred to the operating temperature of the fluid in the tank
maximum viscosity	1000 cSt	limited only to the cold start-up of the pump, which has to be carried out with the plant at
		minimum pressure.

When selecting the fluid type, be sure that the true viscosity is within the range specified above at the operating temperature.

2.3 - Degree of fluid contamination

The maximum degree of fluid contamination must be according to ISO 4406:1999 class 20/18/15; therefore the use of a delivery or return filter with $\beta_{10 (c)} \ge 75$ is suggested.

A degree of maximum fluid contamination according to ISO 4406:1999 class 18/16/13 is recommended for optimum endurance of the pump. Hence, the use of a filter with $\beta_{10 \text{ (c)}} \ge 100$ is recommended.

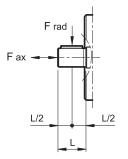
In the event that the filter is installed on the suction line, be sure that the pressure at the pump inlet is not lower than the values specified in the table of paragraph 3.

The suction filter must be equipped with a by-pass valve and, if possible, with a clogging indicator and should be oversized to avoid cavitation problems.

3 - PERFORMANCES (measured with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

PUMP SIZE		029	046	073	087
Maximum displacement	cm ³ /rev	29	46	73	87
Maximum flow rate: - at 1500 rpm - at max rotation speed	l/min	43,5 87	69 119,6	109,5 160,5	131,9 162,6
Input pressure (absolute): - min - max	bar (abs)	0,8 25			
Max. delivery pressure (absolute): - continuous - intermittent (NOTE 1) - peak		280 250 315 280 350 315			
Max pressure on drainage port	bar (abs)	2			
Maximum power (∆p = 280 bar): - at 1500 rpm - at max rotation speed	kW	20,3 40,6	32,2 55,8	51,1 74,9	54,9 67,8
Max velocity at maximum displacement	rpm	3000	2600	2200	1850
Moment of inertia on the shaft	kgm ²	0,0020	0,0030	0,0080	0,0080
Max absorbed torque: - ∆p = 100 bar - ∆p = 280 bar	Nm	46,2 129,3	73,2 205	116,2 325,3	139,9 349,8
Max operating pressure with NBR seals - minimum - continuous - peak	°C	-25 80 100			
Max operating pressure with Viton seals - minimum - continuous - peak	°C	-10 110 125			
Oil volume in the pump body	lt	0,7	0,9	1,5	1,5

NOTE 1: Allowed intermittent duty pressures with a duration equal to 6 seconds per minute.

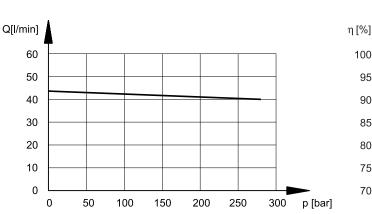


Loads on the shaft: N 1000 1500 2000 2000 2000 2000 3000

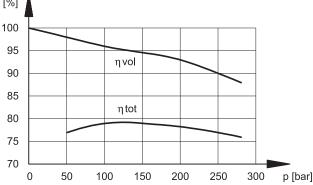
4 - VPPM-029 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm.

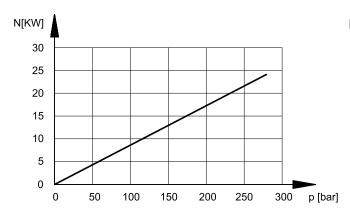
FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES



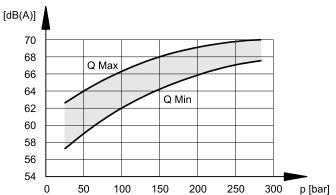
VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY



ABSORBED POWER



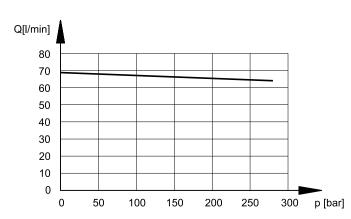
NOISE LEVEL



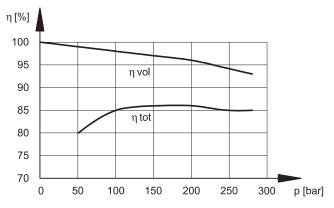
5 - VPPM-046 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm.

FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES



VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY



ABSORBED POWER N[KW] p [bar]

NOISE LEVEL [dB(A)] Q Max -Q Min p [bar]

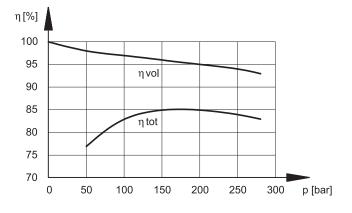
6 - VPPM-073 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with mineral oil with a viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm.

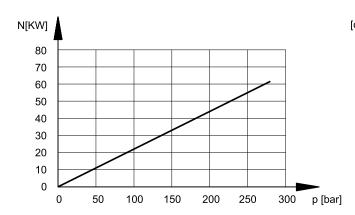
Q[l/min] 120 100 80 60 40 20 0 0 50 100 150 200 250 300 p [bar]

FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES

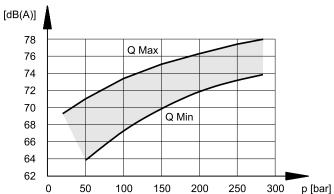
VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY



ABSORBED POWER

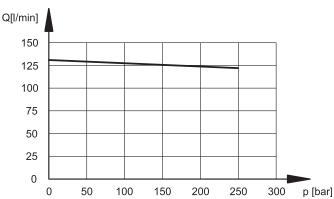


NOISE LEVEL

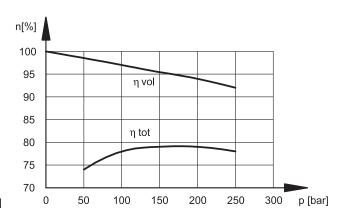


7 - VPPM-087 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm.

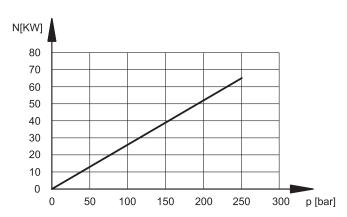


FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES

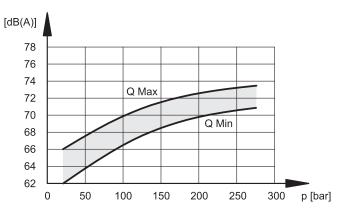


VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY

ABSORBED POWER

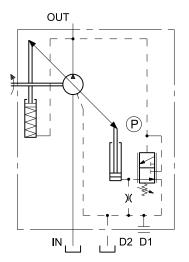


NOISE LEVEL



8 - PRESSURE REGULATOR: PC

FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



The PC pressure regulator keeps the pressure at a constant set level in the circuit, thus adjusting automatically the pump flow rate according to the real need of the system.

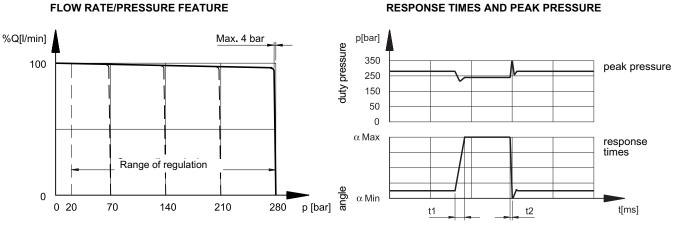
The desired pressure can be set by manually adjusting the (P) regulation valve.

FEATURES OF THE PC REGULATOR:

- pressure regulating range (P) = $20 \div 350$ bars
- default setting (P) = 280 bars

8.1 - Characteristic curves of the PC regulator (values obtained with mineral oil with a viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm and an oil temperature of 50°C.



FLOW RATE/PRESSURE FEATURE

t1 = response time for a change from a min. to a max. displacement. t2 = response time for a change from a max. to a min. displacement.

PC pressure regulator set at 280 bars

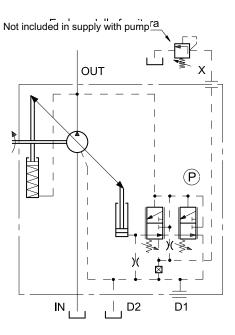
pump size	t1 [ms]	t2 [ms]	
029	30	20	
046	45	25	
073	50	30	
087	53	28	

The values stated in the table are obtained from the opening until the instant the delivery level is achieved, by using a maximum pressure valve set at 350 bars for a load simulation, placed at a distance of 1 m from the pump delivery port.

16 100/117 ED

9 - REMOTE-CONTROLLED PRESSURE REGULATOR: PCR

FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



The PCR regulator, apart from limiting the line maximum pressure (P valve), allows a remote-control of the device via a remote control connected to the X port (typical application for submerged pumps). In case a pressure regulating valve is used for the remote-control, it is suggested to use a direct operated valve with a size suitable to 1,5 l/min pilot flow rate.

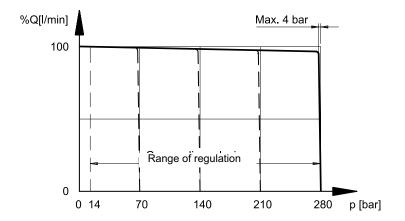
N.B. The maximum length of the connection between the valve and the pump X port must not be longer than 2 m.

PCR FEATURES:

- pressure regulating range (P) = 20 ÷ 350 bars
- default setting (P) = 280 bars
- remote-regulated pressure range = 14 ÷ 315 bars
- flow rate available on the X port for the remote-control = about 1,5 l/min

9.1- Characteristic curves of the PCR regulator (values obtained with mineral oil with a viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm and an oil temperature of 50°C.

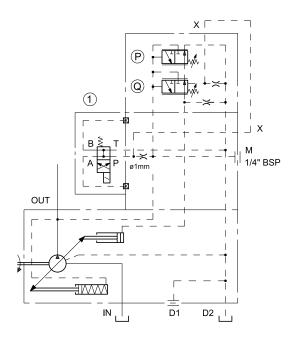


FLOW RATE / PRESSURE FEATURE

10 - REGULATOR WITH PRESSURE CONTROL DEVICES: PCX

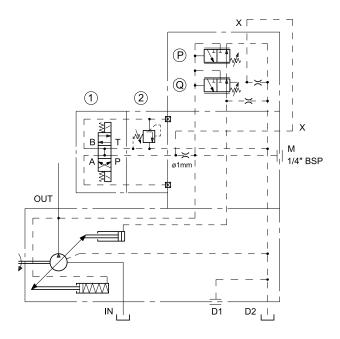
10.1 - Electrical unloading

FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



10.2 - Two pressure settings + unloading

FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



The PCX regulator, mated to a suitable two-position solenoid valve, allows the electrical switching of the pump displacement in null condition and with minimum delivery pressure.

This function is useful for the pump unloading at the start-up or to operate at minimum pressure in the system during the machine cycle pause, with considerable energy saving.

The pressure switching is made by means of a solenoid valve (to be ordered separately) installed on the pump regulator directly.

PCX FEATURES (electrical unloading):

- solenoid switching valve (1) = DS3-SA2 (to be ordered separately see cat. 41 150)
- solenoid valve OFF = pump at null displacement and delivery pressure = 20 bar
- solenoid valve ON = maximum displacement and delivery pressure set on regulator (P).
- pressure regulating range (P) = 20 ÷ 350 bar
- default setting (P) = 280 bar

This type of regulator allows to select, by means of a three-position solenoid valve, two different working pressures; it allows also the pump unloading.

The solenoid valve (1) and the relief valve (2) for the intermediate pressure setting are directly installed on the pump regulator and they are to be ordered separately.

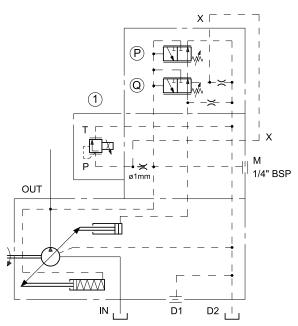
PCX FEATURES (two pressure settings + unloading):

- solenoid switching valve (1) = DS3-S2 (to be ordered separately see catalogue 41 150)
- solenoid valve OFF = pump unloading delivery pressure = 20 bar - solenoid side "a" ON = maximum displacement and delivery
- pressure set on relief valve (2) (intermediate value) - solenoid side "b" ON = maximum displacement and delivery
- pressure set on regulator (P) (maximum value)
- pressure relief valve (2) = MCI*-SBT (to be ordered separately see cat. 61 200)
- pressure regulating range (2) = MCI3-SBT 20 ÷ 100 bar MCI5-SBT 20 ÷ 250 bar
- pressure regulating range (P) = 20 ÷ 350 bar
- default setting (P) = 280 bar

NOTE: For PCX regulators characteristic curves (with two pressure settings + unloading functions), see PC regulator diagrams at paragraph 8.1.

10.3 - Pressure regulation with electric proportional control

FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



The PCX regulator mated with a proportional pressure relief valve, allows a continuous control and modulation of the system pressure.

The proportional pressure relief valve (to be ordered separately) is installed on the pump regulator directly.

PCX FEATURES (proportional pressure regulation):

- pressure regulating range (P) = 20 ÷ 350 bar

- default setting (P) = 280 bar

 proportional pressure relief valve (1) = PRED3 (to be ordered separately with its relative electronic control unit - see catalogue 81 210)

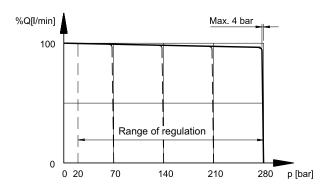
proportional pressure regulating range:
 PRED3-070 20 ÷ 100 bar
 PRED3-210 20 ÷ 240 bar

Hysteresis = < 5% of p nom Repeatability = $< \pm 1,5\%$ of p nom

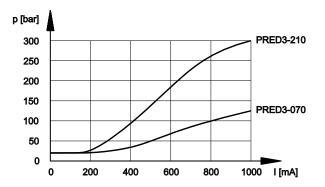
10.3.1 - Characteristic curves (values obtained with mineral oil with a viscosity of 36 cSt at 50° C)

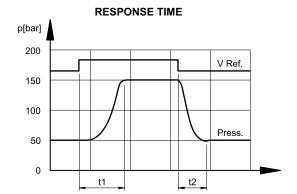
The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm and an oil temperature of 50°C.

FLOW RATE / PRESSURE FEATURE



CURRENT / PRESSURE FEATURE





The response times are obtained with a VPPM-046 pump, by changing the reference signal (V Ref) on the proportional valve in order to have a line pressure variation from 50 to 150 bar and vice versa, with an oil volume of 5 lt.

t1 = 80 ms (response time for an increasing pressure change) t2 = 60 ms (response time for a decreasing pressure change)

11 - FLOW RATE AND PRESSURE REGULATOR: PQC

FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM

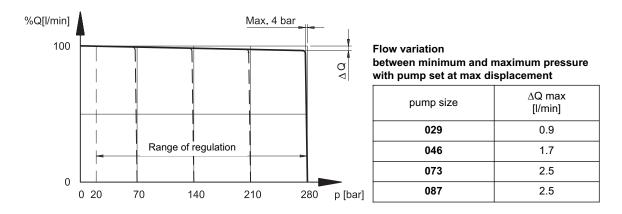
This regulator, apart from regulating the pressure (as for the PC model), allows the pump flow rate to be regulated according to the Δp pressure drop measured on either side of a throttle valve installed on the user line. The connection pipe between the X port and the flow line downstream the restrictor (or valve) must always be made (customer charge).

PQC FEATURES:

- pressure regulating range (P) = 20 ÷ 350
- default setting (P) = 280 bar
- differential pressure regulating range (Q) = 10 ÷ 40 bars
- default setting = 14 bar
- Min. discharge head = 18 ± 2 bar
- (with a zero flow rate, X discharge pilot and with a default (Q) setting of the differential regulator)

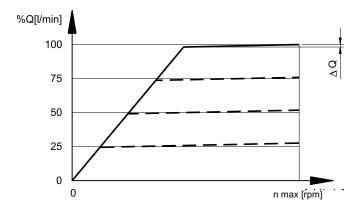
11.1 - Characteristic curves of the PQC regulator (values obtained with mineral oil with a viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm and an oil temperature of 50°C.



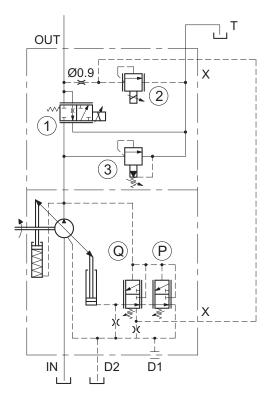
FLOW RATE / PRESSURE FEATURE

FLOW RATE / ROTATION SPEED STATIC FEATURE



12 - INTEGRATED PROPORTIONAL FLOW AND PRESSURE CONTROL REGULATOR: PQCE5

FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



This regulator allows an independent regulation of the pump flow and pressure, both with an electric proportional control.

The pump flow is regulated through the proportional valve (1) which operates directly on the pump delivery, while the system pressure is controlled by means of the proportional relief valve (2) working as a pilot stage of the differential regulator (Q).

The maximum system pressure is limited by the regulator (P). The regulator is also equipped of a built-in pressure relief valve (3) with manual adjustment, which limits the pressure peak due to quick flow variations in the system.

PQCE5 FEATURES

- pressure regulating range (P) = 20 ÷ 350 bar
 default setting (P) = 280 bar
- differential pressure regulating range (Q) = 10 ÷ 30 bar
- default setting = 16 bar
- proportional pressure regulating range:
 20 ÷ 250 bar (for VPPM-*PQCE5 pump)
- proportional flow regulating range:
- 0 ÷ 69 l/min (for VPPM-046 PQCE5 pump)
- 0 ÷ 109,5 l/min (for VPPM-073 PQCE5 pump)
- 0 ÷ 132 I/min (for VPPM-073 PQCE5 pump)

PERFORMANCES and ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

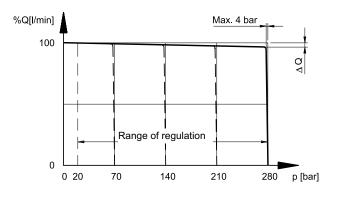
	FLOW REGULATION (1) (DSE5 valve)	PRESSURE REGULATION (2) (CRE valve)				
HYSTERESIS	< 6% of Q max	< 5% of p nom				
REPEATABILITY	< ±1,5% of Q max	< ±1,5% of p nom				
NOMINAL VOLTAGE	24 VDC	24 VDC				
COIL RESISTANCE (at 20°C)	8,65 Ω	16,6 Ω				
MAXIMUM CURRENT	1,6 A	0,85 A				
ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY (EMC)		ding to 30/EU				
DEGREE OF PROTECTION : Atmospheric agents (CEI EN 60529)	IP 65					
ELECTRONIC CONTROL UNITS for proportional valves	EDM-M3312 see cat. 89 250					

12.1 - Characteristic curves of the PQCE5 regulator

(values obtained with mineral oil with a viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm and an oil temperature of 50°C.

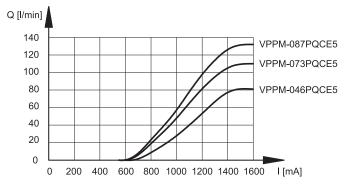
FLOW RATE / PRESSURE CURVE



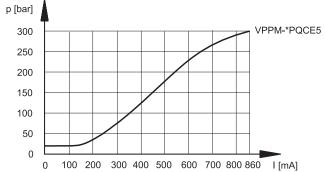
Flow variation between minimum and maximum pressure with pump set at max displacement

pump size	∆Q max [l/min]				
046	1.7				
073	2.5				
087	2.5				



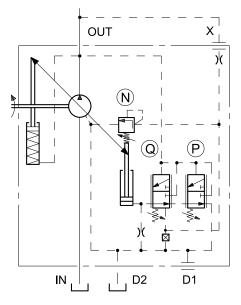


CURRENT / PRESSURE CURVE



13 - POWER REGULATOR: PQNC

FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



Such regulator keeps the pump torque at a constant level by changing the displacement according to the delivery pressure, so that the ratio $p \times (Q)$ (absorbed power) remains unchanged. The functions limiting the (P) maximum pressure and regulating the (Q) flow rate are always present, if a restrictor has been installed on the user line.

In the 1/8" BSP coupling supplied for the X port, there is a restrictor of $\emptyset 0,8$ orifice.

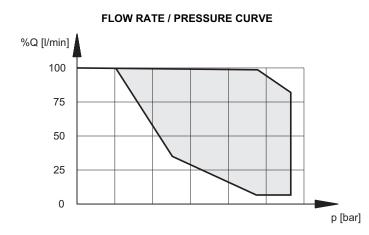
Note: The connection pipe between the X port and the pump outlet must always be made (customer charge).

PQNC FEATURES:

- pressure regulating range (P) = 20 ÷ 350
- default setting (P) = 280 bar
- differential pressure regulating range (Q) = 10 ÷ 30 bar
- default setting = 16 bar
- min. discharge head = 18 ± 2 bar (with a zero flow rate, X discharge pilot and with a default Q setting of the differential regulator)
- the power regulator is factory set. The setting value has to be specified with the order, by stating into the identification code the Nm torque value (see paragraph 1).
- Start of the regulation: looking at values table of paragraph 1.5

13.1 - Characteristic curves of the PQNC regulator (values obtained with mineral oil with a viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

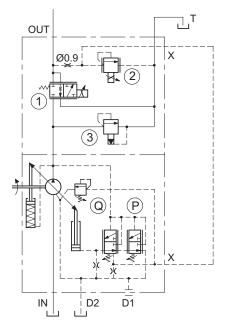
The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm and an oil temperature of 50°C.





14 - POWER REGULATOR WITH INTEGRATED PROPORTIONAL FLOW AND PRESSURE CONTROL: PQNCE5

FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



This system combines all the functions of the constant power control as a standard PQNC5 regulator, and moreover it allows the independent proportional regulation of the pump flow and pressure at values behind the power curve characteristic set on the regulator (N).

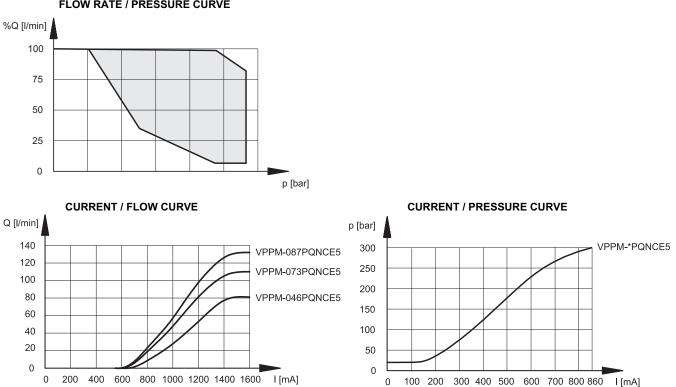
PQNCE5 FEATURES

For technical characteristics and settings of regulator, see paragraph 13.

14.1 - Characteristic curves of the PQNCE5 regulator

(values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C with driver EDM-M3312)

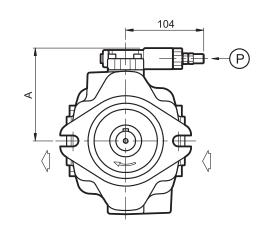
The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm and an oil temperature of 50°C.



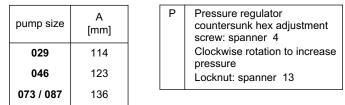
FLOW RATE / PRESSURE CURVE

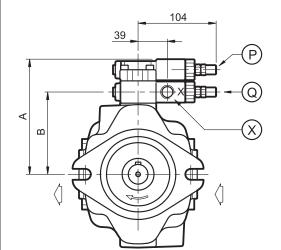
dimensions in mm

15 - REGULATOR OVERALL DIMENSIONS



PRESSURE REGULATOR PC

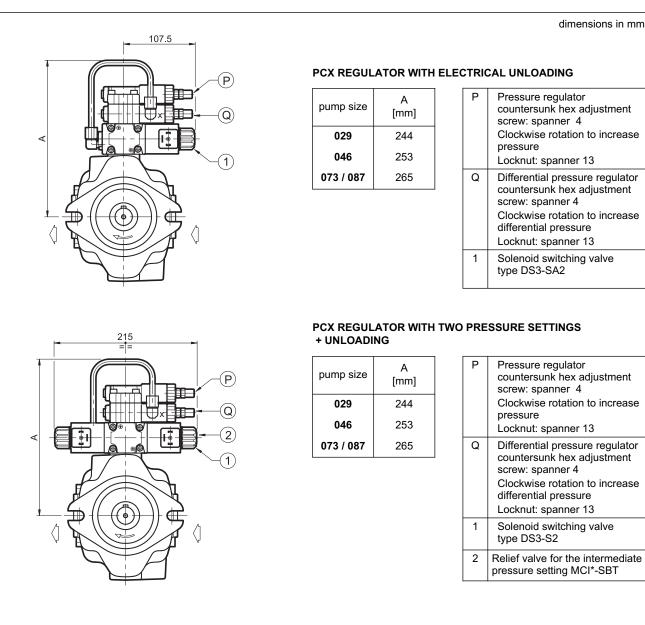


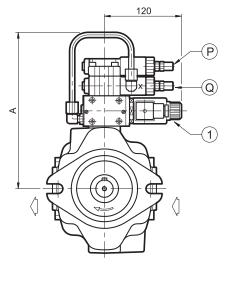


REMOTE-CONTROLLED PRESSURE REGULATOR PCR

pump size	A [mm]	B [mm]		
029	144	100		
046	153	109		
073 / 087	165	122		

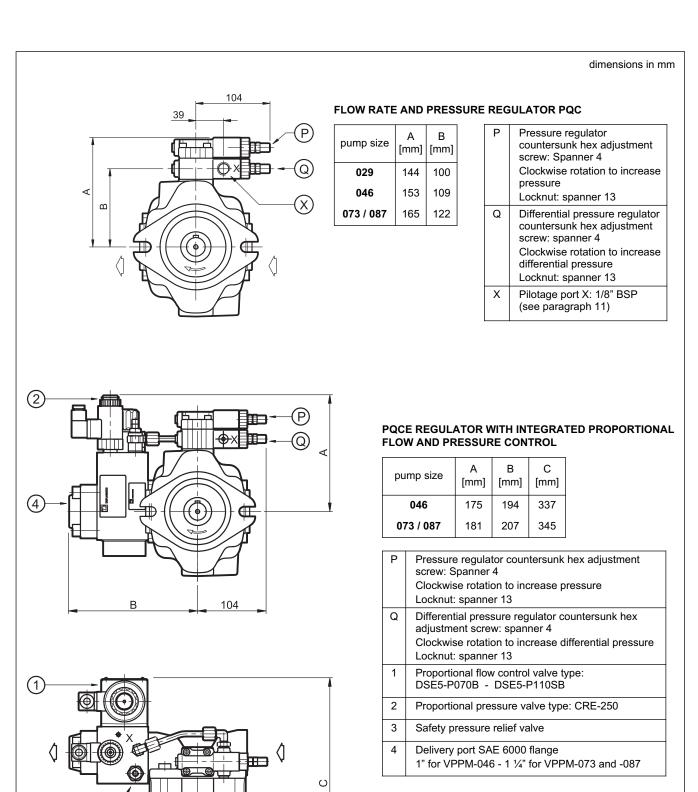
Ρ	Pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase pressure Locknut: spanner 13
Q	Differential pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase differential pressure Locknut: spanner 13
Х	Pilot port for remote control X: 1/8" BSP



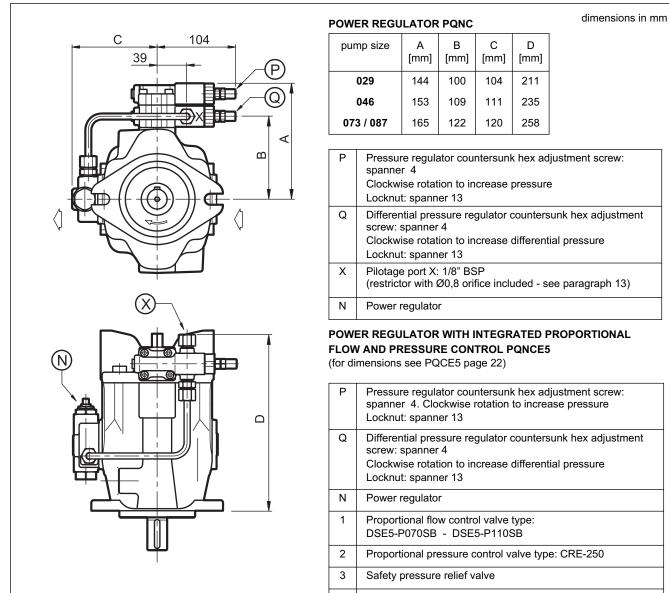


PCX REGULATOR FOR PRESSURE REGULATION WITH ELECTRIC PROPORTIONAL CONTROL

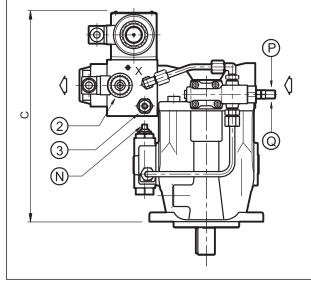
pump size	A [mm]	Ρ	Pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4
029	244		Clockwise rotation to increase
046	253		pressure Locknut: spanner 13
073 / 087	265	Q	Differential pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase differential pressure Locknut: spanner 13
		1	Proportional pressure relief valve PRED3 type

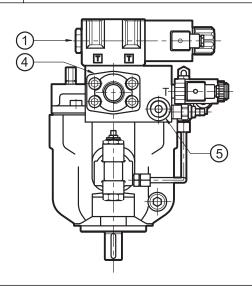


3

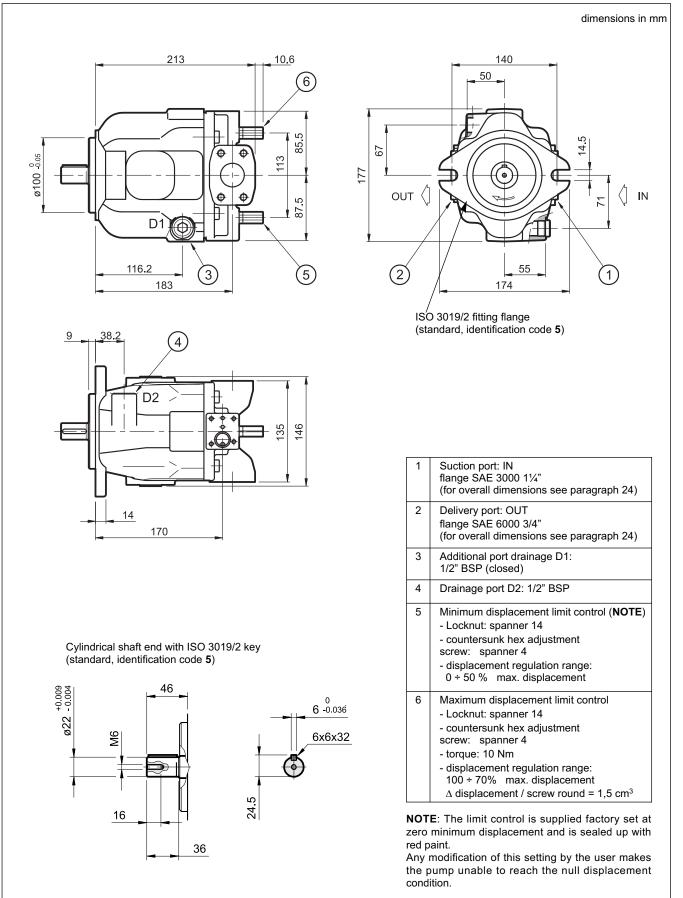


 4 Delivery port SAE 6000 flange: 1" for VPPM-046 - 1 ¼" for VPPM-073 and -087
 5 Outlet port T: 3/4" BSP

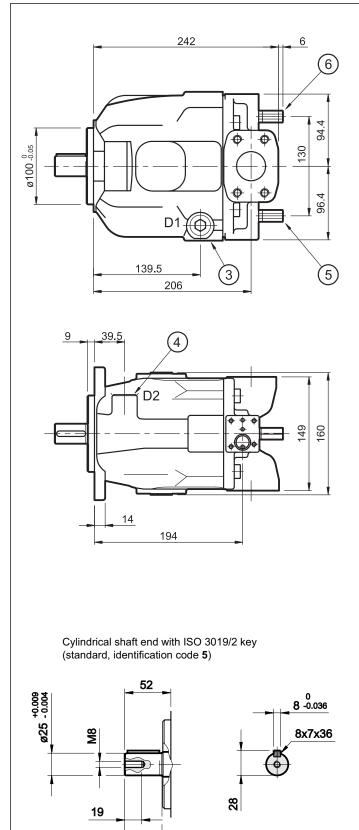




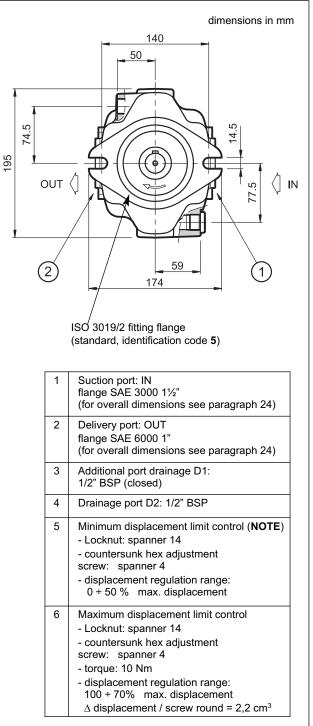
16 - VPPM-029 OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



17 - VPPM-046 OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



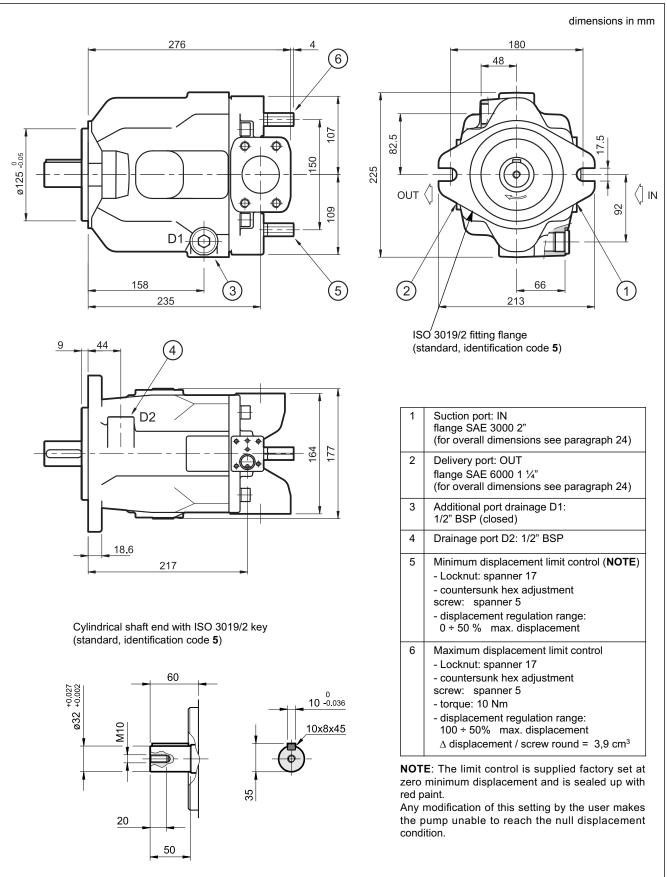
42



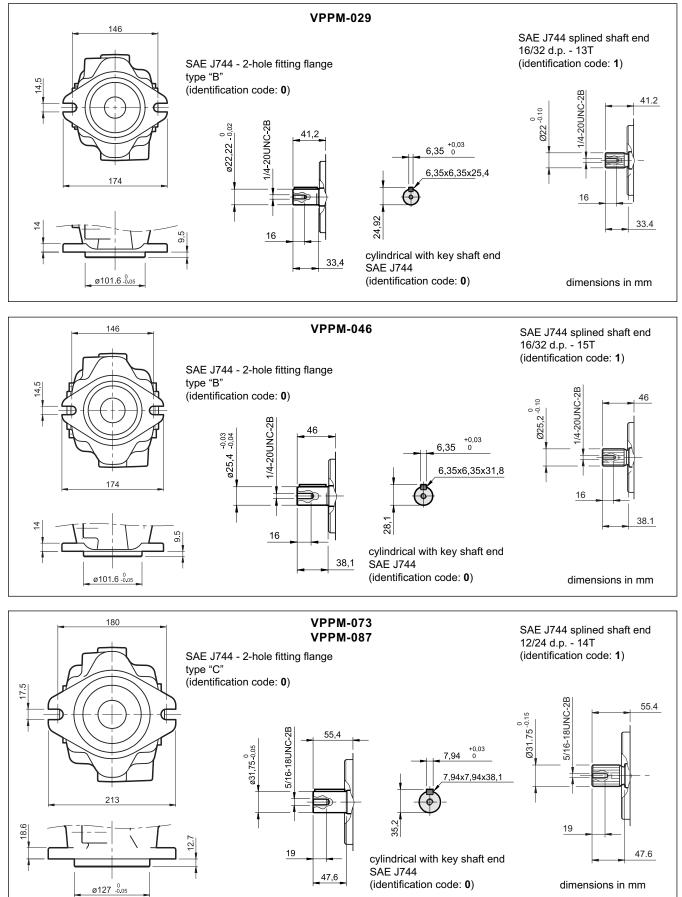
NOTE: The limit control is supplied factory set at zero minimum displacement and is sealed up with red paint.

Any modification of this setting by the user makes the pump unable to reach the null displacement condition.

18 - VPPM-073 AND VPPM-087 OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



19 - OVERALL DIMENSIONS FOR FLANGES AND SHAFTS TYPE SAE J744



20 - INSTALLATION

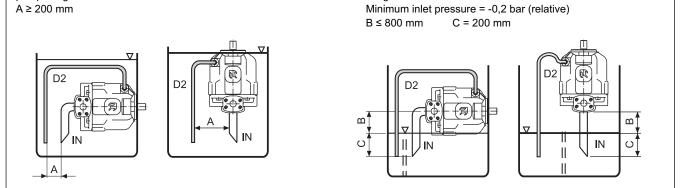
- The VPPM pumps can be installed both in a horizontal and vertical position, with the shaft in an upward position.
- N.B.: The drainage port has to be oriented so that the oil level inside the pump body is never lower than 3/4 of its volume (according to the installation use the D1 or D2 drainage ports).
- Installation below the oil reservoir is suggested. As for an installation above the oil level, check that the min. suction pressure is not lower than -0.2 bars (relative). If a low noise emission level is required, the installation inside the tank is suggested.

In case of an installation inside the tank, with an oil level which does not grant complete pump submersion, it is suggested that the drain tube is adjusted so that the pump higher bearing can be always lubricated.

- Before starting, the pump body has to be filled with the fluid.
- It is necessary to vent the air from the delivery connection before operating it the first time. The pump start up, especially at a cold temperature, should occur with the plant at minimum pressure.
- The suction tube has to be suitably sized so that the suction pressure is never lower than -0.2 bar (relative). Bends or restrictions or an excessive tube length could further decrease the value of the suction pressure with a following increase in the noise emissions and a decrease in the pump lifetime.
- The drainage tube has to be sized so that the pressure inside the pump body is always lower than 2 bar (absolute), even during the dynamic change and flow rate phases. The drainage tube has to unload inside the tank far from the suction area. We suggest to interpose a screen between the two lines.
- The drain pressure can be max 0.5 bar higher than the suction pressure but it can never exceed the max of 2 bar of absolute pressure.
- No check valves allowed on the suction line.
- The motor-pump connection must be carried out directly with a flexible coupling. Radial and axial loads have to be lower than the values specified in the table at paragraph 3.
- As for details and the installation of filter elements, see par. 2.3.

MOUNTING INSIDE THE TANK

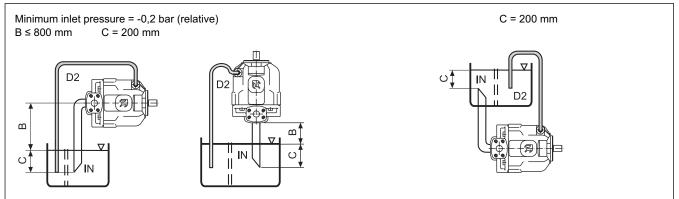
Minimum level of oil in the tank at or above the surface of the pump flange



flange

Minimum level of oil in the tank below the surface of the pump

MOUNTING OUTSIDE THE TANK



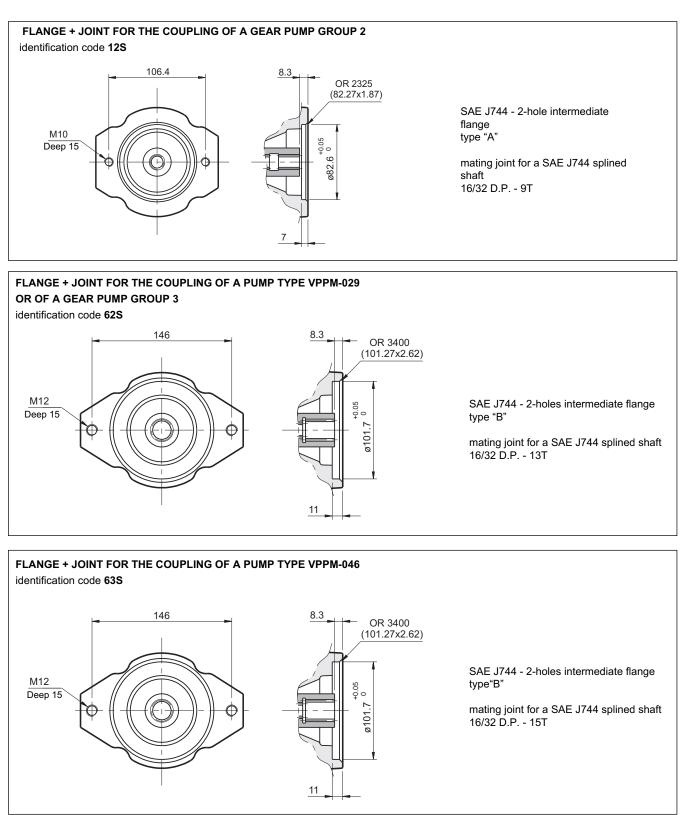
21 - THROUGH OUTPUT SHAFT

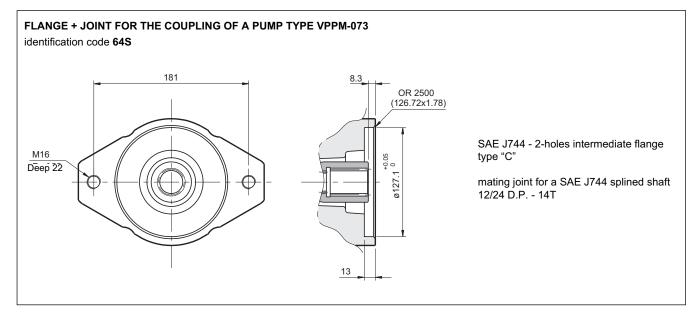
The VPPM pumps can be supplied with a through output shaft, which allows coupling with other pump models.

N.B.: The pumps with a through output shaft are supplied with an intermediate 2-hole flange type SAE J744 - and with a mating joint for splined shaft type SAE J744.

The mechanical adjustment for the min and max displacement are not available on these front or intermediate pumps: VPPM-029 with flange 62S, VPPM-073 with flange 64S, VPPM-087 with flange 64S.

As for identification see par. 1 "Identification code". For the pump overall dimensions (intermediate flange included) see paragraph 23 "overall dimensions for multiple pumps".





22 - MULTIPLE PUMPS

The possibility to couple several pumps makes it possible to create multi-flow groups with independent hydraulic circuits. While sizing coupled pumps, it's necessary to make reference to the following conditions:

- The coupling can be carried out between pumps with the same dimensions or to a size of decreasing order.

- The max. rotation speed is determined by the pump with the lowest speed.

- The values of the max. applicable torque can not be exceeded.

22.1 - Max. applicable torque

The input torque (M) for each pump is given by the following ratio:

$$M = \frac{9550 \cdot N}{n} = [Nm]$$

n = rotation speed [rpm] Q = flow rate [l/min] ∆p = differential pressure between the pump suction and delivery [bar]

 n_{tot} = total efficiency (obtainable from the diagrams in par. 4-5-6)

where the absorbed power (N) is given by:

 $N = \frac{Q \cdot \Delta p}{600 \cdot \eta_{tot}} = [kW]$

or it can be obtained from the diagrams ABSORBED POWER (see par. 4 - 5 - 6 -7).

If several pumps are coupled, the torque of each single pump has to be added to the torque of subsequent pumps when they are loaded simultaneously.

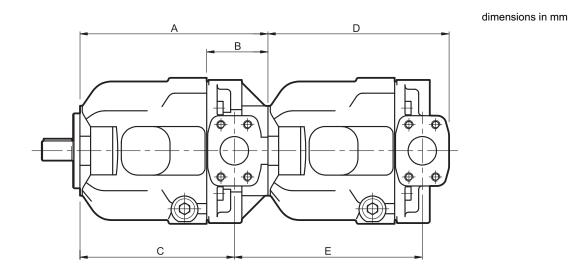
The obtained torque value for each pump has to be lower than the value specified in the table below :

pump with a through output shaft	-	FORQUE APPI ONT PUMP SH		MAXIMUM TORQUE APPLICABLE AT THE PUMP TO BE COUPLED [Nm] (not simultaneously to the front pump)								
	cylindrical ISO 3019/2 (cod. 5)	cylindrical SAE J744 (cod. 0)	splined SAE J744 (cod. 1)	GP2 external gear	GP3 external gear	VPPM-029	VPPM-046	VPPM-073	VPPM-087			
VPPM-029	170	200	190	100	135	135	-	-	-			
VPPM-046	220	230	330	135	250	250	250	-	-			
VPPM-073	450	490	620	135	330	330	400	440	-			
VPPM-087	450 490		620	135	330	330	400	440	440			

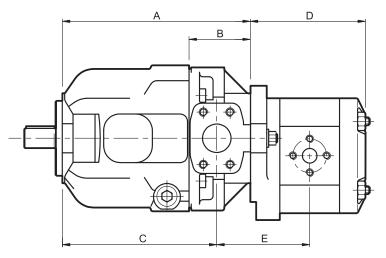
The maximum transmissible torque for those pumps with a through output shaft is determined by the coupling used for the transmission. If the obtained torque values are higher than the ones stated in the table, it is necessary to reduce the working pressure value or to replace the overloaded pump with a pump suitable to bear the required torque.



23 - OVERALL DIMENSIONS FOR MULTIPLE PUMPS



		REAR PUMP													
		VPPM-029					VPPM-046					VPPM-073 / 087			
	А	В	С	D	Е	Α	В	С	D	E	A	В	С	D	E
VPPM-029	222	77	183	213	222	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VPPM-046	251	82	206	213	220	251	82	206	242	251	-	-	-	-	-
VPPM-073 VPPM-087	291	99	235	213	226	291	99	235	242	249	296	104	235	276	296



		REAR PUMP											
		e	kternal	gear GP2		external gear GP3							
	А	В	С	D	E	А	В	С	D	E			
VPPM-029	222	77	183	99 ÷121	86 ÷ 97	-	-	-	-	-			
VPPM-046	251	82	206	99 ÷121	85 ÷ 96	251	82	206	132 ÷ 147	103 ÷ 110			
VPPM-073 VPPM-087	291	99	235	99 ÷121	91 ÷ 102	291	99	235	132 ÷ 147	109 ÷ 116			

NOTE: The D and E values in the table make reference to the dimensions of the gear pumps according to the available min. and max. displacement range. For further details apply to our Technical department.

24 - SUCTION AND DELIVERY PORTS DIMENSIONS FOR SAE FLANGES

SUCTION PORT: "IN" (SAE 3000)												
Pump	nominal size	A mm	B mm	C mm	D threading and depth (mm) METRIC UNC							
VPPM 029	1 ¼"	32	58,7	30,2	M 10x28	7/16 - 14 UNC - 2B 28						
VPPM 046	1 1⁄2"	38,1	70	35,7	M12x26	1/2 -13 UNC-2B 26						
VPPM 073 VPPM 087	2"	50,8	77,8	43	M12x25	1/2 -13 UNC-2B 25						

	DELIVERY PORT "OUT" (SAE 6000)												
Pump	nominal size	A mm	B mm	C mm	D threading and depth (mm) METRIC UNC								
VPPM 029	3/4"	19	50,8	23,8	M10x24	3% - 16 UNC-2B 24							
VPPM 046	1"	25,4	57,1	27,7	M12x20	7/16-14 UNC-2B 20							
VPPM 073 VPPM 087	1 1⁄4"	32	66,7	31,7	M14x23	½ - 13 UNC-2B 23							

25 - CONNECTION FLANGES

D — ⊨-C

E⊣

В

А

1

2

 ½ -13 UNC-2B 26

 ½ -13 UNC-2B 25

 D

 nd depth (mm)

 UNC

 ¾ - 16 UNC-2B 24

 ¼-14 UNC-2B 20

 ½ - 13 UNC-2B 23

dimensions in mm
The fastening bolts and the O-Rings must be ordered separately

С-

		Flange code	Flange description
	00	0610720	OR 4150 (37.69x3.53)
	SAE 3000	0610714	OR 4187 (47.22x3.53)
		0610721	OR 4225 (56.74x3.53)
	00	0770075	OR 4100 (24.99x3.53)
	SAE 6000	0770092	OR 4131 (32.93x3.53)
	SA	0770106	OR 4150 (37.69x3.53)

	Flange code	Flange description	p _{max} [bar]	ØA	ØВ	С	D	Е	F	G	н	L	metric SHCS	1 UNC SHCS
3000	0610720	SAE - 1 ¼"	280	1 ¼" BSP	32	21	41	22	30,2	58,7	68	79	n° 4 - M10x35	n° 4 - 1⁄16 UNC x 1 1⁄2"
	0610714	SAE - 1 ½"	210	1 ½" BSP	38	25	45	24	35,7	70	78	94	n° 4 - M12x45	n° 4 - ½ UNC x 1 ¾"
SAE	0610721	SAE - 2"	210	2" BSP	51	25	45	30	43	77,8	90	102	n° 4 - M12x45	n° 4 - ½ UNC x 1 ¾"
6000	0770075	SAE - 3/4"	420	3/4" BSP	19	21	35	22	23,8	50,8	55	71	n° 4 - M10x35	n° 4 - ⅔ x 1 ½"
	0770092	SAE - 1"	420	1" BSP	25	25	42	24	27,7	57,1	65	81	n° 4 - M12x45	n° 4 - ⅔₁6 x 1 ¾"
SAE	0770106	SAE - 1 ¼"	420	1 ¼" BSP	32	27	45	25	31,7	66,7	78	95	n° 4 - M14x50	n° 4 - ½ x 1 ¾"

G



DUPLOMATIC MS S.p.A.

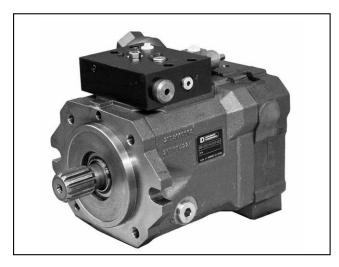
via M. Re Depaolini 24 • 20015 PARABIAGO (MI) • ITALY

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tel. +39 0331.895.111 • www.duplomatic.com • e-mail: sales.exp@duplomatic.com

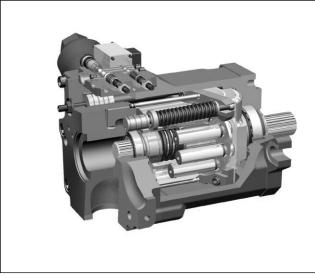
16 300/117 ED





HIGH PRESSURE SELF-REGULATING PUMP FOR OPEN LOOP OPERATION SERIES 10

OPERATING PRINCIPLE



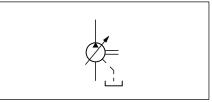
- HPR pumps are variable displacement axial-piston pumps with swash plate design, suitable for applications with open circuits.
- Seven frame sizes are available, from 55 up to 280 cm³/rev.
- The pump flow rate is proportional to the shaft speed and to the swash plate angle, which can be continuously modulated. The maximum angle can be limited mechanically by means of an adjustment screw.
- Due to the special design, these pumps are able to operate at high working pressures (420 bar continuously and 500 bar peak)
- All the pumps are equipped with a noise reduction device.

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

PUMP SIZE		55	75	105	135	165	210	280
Maximum displacement	cm ³ /rev	55	75,9	105	135,7	165,6	210,1	281,9
Maximum operating pressure	bar		•	•	420	•	•	
Rotation speed and operating flow rate				see table	e 3 - Perfor	mances		
Rotation direction					clockwise			
Loads on the shaft: axial load radial load	N				2000 on request			
Hydraulic connection		fl	ange fitting	js - SAE 30	000 suction	/ SAE 600	0 pressure	9
Type of mounting					SAE J744			
Mass (empty single pump)	kg	39	39	50	65	89	116	165

Ambient temperature range	°C	-15 / +70
Fluid temperature range	°C	-20 / +80
Fluid recommended viscosity	cSt	15 ÷ 30
Fluid contamination degree (ISO 4406:1999)		18/16/13

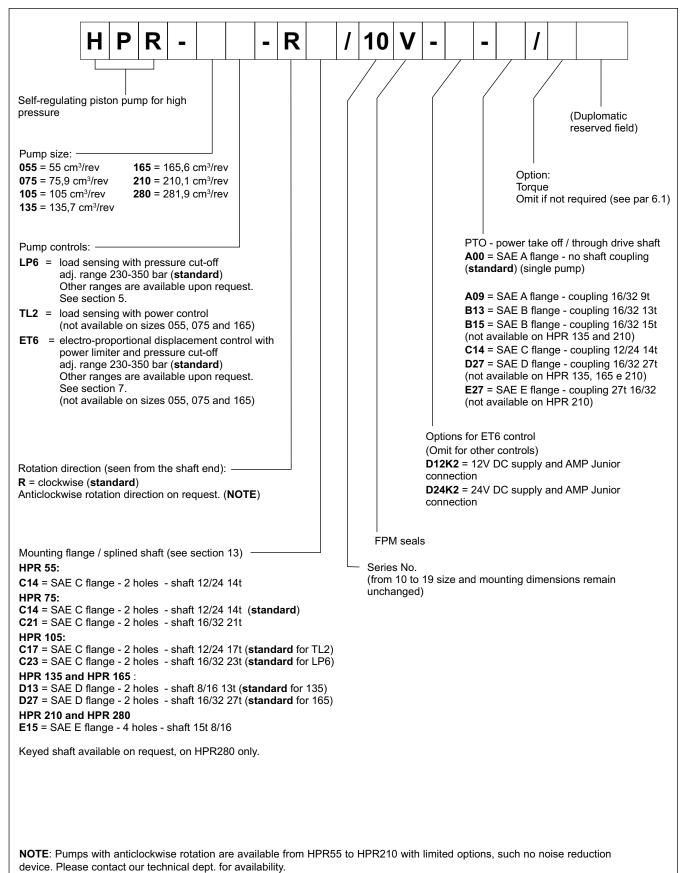
HYDRAULIC SYMBOL



NOTE: Values referring to 1 bar absolute on suction port.

1 - IDENTIFICATION CODES

1.1 - Identification code for single pumps and pumps with power take-off



2 - HYDRAULIC FLUID

2.1 - Fluid type

Use mineral oil based hydraulic fluids HLP with anti-foam and antioxidant additives according to the DIN 51524-2 standard. For use with other types of fluid, keep in mind the limitations shown here below or consult our technical department for authorization of use.

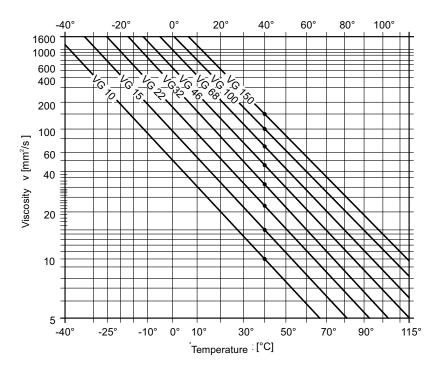
2.2 - Fluid viscosity

The operating fluid viscosity must be within the following range:

minimum viscosity	10 cSt	referred to a maximum temperature of 80°C for the drain line
optimum viscosity	15 ÷ 30 cSt	referred to the fluid operating temperature in the tank.
maximum viscosity	1000 cSt	limited to the cold start-up of the pump only, which has to be carried out with the circuit at
		minimum pressure.
When selecting the fluid typ	be, check its viscosity	is within the range specified above at the operating temperature.

Recommended viscosity values are indicated in the table and diagram.

Operating temperature [°C]	Viscosity class [cSt at 40°C]
from 30 to 40	22
from 40 to 60	32
from 60 to 80	46 or 68



2.3 - Degree of fluid contamination

In order to guarantee long-term proper function and high efficiency of the hydraulic pumps the purity of the operating fluid must comply with the following class according to the ISO 4406:1999. High purity oil can extend the service time of the hydraulic system significantly.

For reliable proper function and long service life 18/16/13

Minimum requirements	20/18/15
Commissioning	The minimum purity requirement for the hydraulic oil is based on the most sensitive system component. For commissioning we recommend a filtration in order to achieve the required purity
Filling and operation of hydraulic systems	The required purity of the hydraulic oil must be ensured during filling or topping up. When drums, canisters or large-capacity tanks are used the oil generally needs to be filtered.
	We recommend the implementation of suitable measures (e.g. filters) to ensure the required minimum purity of the oil is also achieved during these tasks.

3 - PERFORMANCES

(values obtained with mineral oil with a viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

PUMP SIZE		055	075	105	135	165	210	280
Max displacement	cm³/rev	55	75.9	105	135.7	165.6	210.1	281.9
Max flow: - at 1500 rpm - at max rotation speed	l/min	82.5 148.5	113.9 189.8	157.5 262.5	203.5 318.9	248.2 364.1	315.5 441.2	422.9 563.8
Minimum operating speed	rpm				500			
Maximum operating speed	rpm	2700	2500	2500	2350	2200	2100	2000
Max delivery pressure: - continuous - intermittent	bar				420 500			
Inlet pressure:	bar abs		1	from 0.8 up	to 20 bar (:	see par. 12))	
Max housing pressure	bar				1,5			
Max power (∆p = 420 bar): - at 1500 rpm - at max rotation speed	kW	57.8 104	79.7 132.8	110.3 183.8	142.5 223.2	173.8 254.9	220.6 308.8	296 394.7
Max absorbed torque: ∆p =100 bar ∆p = 420 bar	Nm	87 368	121 507	167 702	216 907	263 1106	334 1404	446 1884
Moment of inertia on the shaft	kgm ² x10 ⁻²	0,79	0,79	1,44	2,15	3,41	4,68	8,34

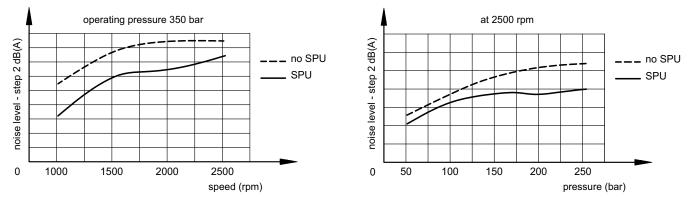
4 - NOISE REDUCTION DEVICE

All the HPR-02 hydraulic pumps are optimized with respect to pulsation characteristics and therefore noise generation. In addition to common primary measures such as exclusive use of noise-optimized port plates, the SPU noise reduction device is available.

Without affecting the functionality and efficiency of the pump, this system reduces pressure noise by up to 70%, irrespective of pressure, speed or temperature.

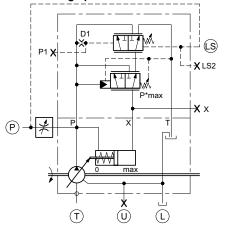
The SPU system is adaptive over the entire operating range. No setting up or maintenance is required.

Comparison of noise pressure levels for a HPR 75 pump with and without SPU

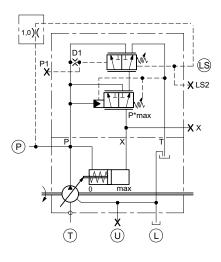


5 - LP6 - LOAD SENSING WITH PRESSURE CUT-OFF CONTROL

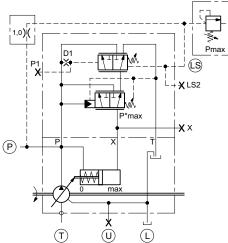
Load sensing operation



Pressure control operation



Remote pressure operation



This load sensing control allows the pump flow rate to be regulated according to the Δp pressure drop measured on both the sides of a throttle valve installed on the working line.

NOTE: The connection pipe between the LS port and the flow line downstream the restrictor (or valve) is always in customer's charge. The restrictor is not supplied.

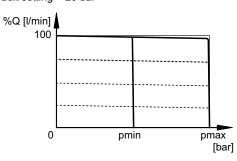
The maximum operating pressure can be set manually adjusting the P*max valve.

LP* FEATURES:

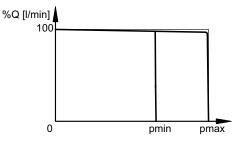
- pressure adjustment range: LP6 = 230 ÷ 350 (standard) default setting = 350 bar

> LP5 = 125 ÷ 230 (upon request) LP7 = 350 ÷ 420 (upon request)

- differential pressure regulating range = 16 ÷ 27 bar - default setting = 20 bar



Bypassing both P and LS ports with an external connection and an orifice (both in customer's charge) the pump will operate as pressure control that works at maximum displacement up to the set pressure P*max.

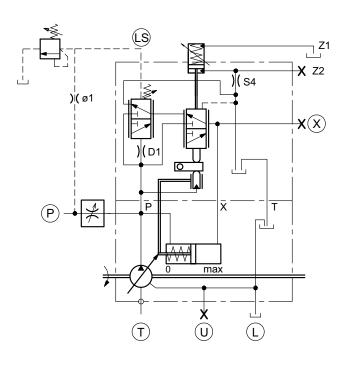


It is possible to create a remote pressure control by means of both an external pressure relief valve and an orifice (both in customer's charge) as shown in the schema.

This configuration allows to regulate remotely the maximum pressure up to P*max. When the pressure it's lower than the set value P*max the pump is at its maximum displacement.

> Q [l/min] 0 P*max

6 - TL2 - LOAD SENSING WITH POWER CONTROL



The TL2 control is available for pumps HPR105, HPR135, HPR210 and HPR280.

This control combines the load sensing function typical of LP control with a power limiter with hyperbolic characteristic. Such limiter keeps the pump torque at a constant level by changing the displacement according to the delivery pressure, so that the absorbed power remains unchanged (at constant pump speed).

The Z1 port must always be connected to the tank separately and without back pressure. The Z2 port is plugged.

NOTE: The pipe connection between the LS port and the delivery of the pump, the orifice and the external pressure relief valve are always charged to the customer.

NOTE: The feature of the pressure cut-off is not present on this control, it is necessary to provide suitable external valve, as shown in the diagram at side.

TL2 FEATURES:

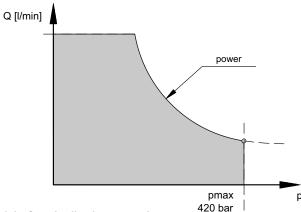
- differential pressure adjustment range = 16 ÷ 27 bar default setting = 20 bar

- pressure adjustment range for torque regulation:

- HPR105, HPR135 = 60 ÷ 250 bar HPR210, HPR280 = 80 ÷ 250 bar
- default setting = 250 bar

The power control is factory set. The setting value has to be specified with the order, by stating into the identification code the Nm torque value.

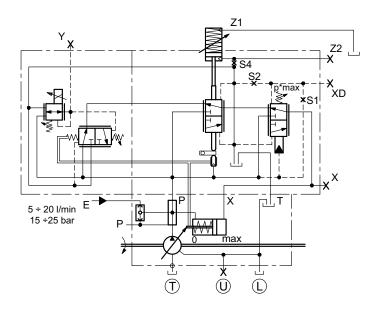
Start of the regulation: looking at values table below.



6.1 - Standardized	torque values
--------------------	---------------

				ELECT	RICAL MO	TOR 4 PO	LES (at 50	Hz)			
PUMPS	Power [kW]	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90	110	132
PUMPS	N [rpm]					15	500				
	torque [Nm]	118	140	191	236	286	350	477	573	700	840
105		63	75	103	127	154	189	-	-	-	-
135	start of pressure	-	-	80	98	119	146	199	239	-	-
210	regulation [bar]	-	-	-	-	-	94	129	154	188	226
280		-	-	-	-	-	-	96	115	140	169

7 - ET6 - ELECTRO-PROPORTIONAL DISPLACEMENT CONTROL WITH POWER LIMITER AND REMOTE PRESSURE CUT-OFF



The ET6 control is available for pumps HPR105, HPR135, HPR210 and HPR280.

It combines a pump displacement regulation proportional to the current supplied to the solenoid with a constant input torque control. The limitation of maximum pressure is also available.

With no current the pump is in null displacement, so it is required a supply pressure on port E (located on the pump body) for the start of the control.

Once the P port is pressurized, then the shuttle valve on the pump excludes the piloting of port E and picks the fluid directly from the pump delivery line.

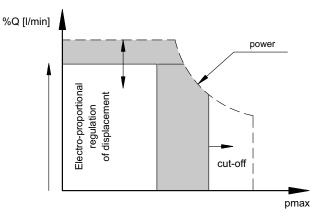
ET6 FEATURES:

- pressure adjustment range:

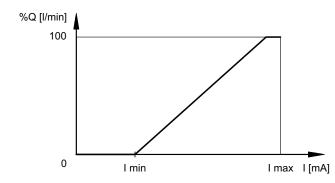
ET6 = 230 ÷ 350 (standard) default setting = 350 bar

> **ET5** = 125 ÷ 230 (on request) **ET7** = 350 ÷ 420 (on request)

 pressure adjustment range for torque regulation: HPR105, HPR135 = 60 ÷ 250 bar HPR210, HPR280 = 80 ÷ 250 bar default setting = 250 bar



		D12K2	D24K2
Nominal voltage	v cc	12	24
Coil connection	AN	/IP Junior (2	2 pin)
Power consumption	w	1:	5,6
Nominal current	А	1,2	0,6
Relative duty cycle		100%	
Protection class (EN 60529)		IP 67	



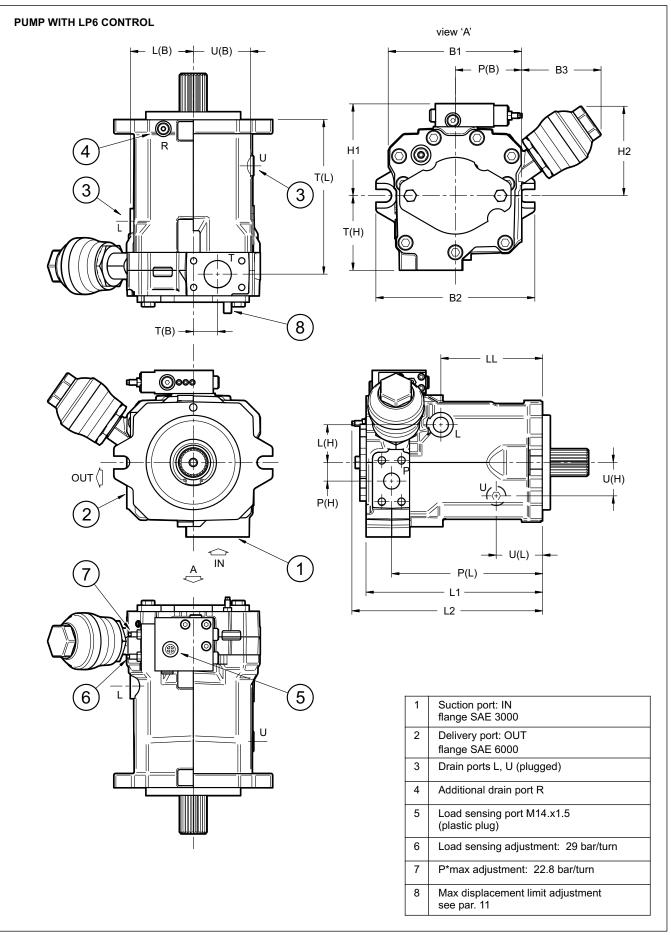
regulation	pump	ET1	ET2
	105, 135	464 mA	232 mA
l min	210	490 mA	245 mA
	280	524 mA	262 mA
l max	ALL	1200 mA	600 mA



8 - PUMPS WITH LP6 CONTROL - OVERALL DIMENSIONS

							di
PUMP	55	75	105	135	165	210	280
Ø of flange		127		15	2.4	16	5.1
L1	220.3	231.8	262	284.5	333.1	348	403
L2	259.3	270.8	301	323.5	372.1	387	442
H1	137	139	140.5	148.5	165.5	171.5	189
H2	146	146	136	145.5	152.4	143.5	238
B1	11	190.3	199.6	216	251.5	268	306.1
B2	20	08	207	256	269	268.8	314.5
B3	120	111	122	129	128.9	126.5	125.1
PUMP	55	75	105	135	165	210	280
P delivery (SAE)	3/	/4"	1"	1	/4"	1	/2"
P (L)	182.8	194.3	218	243.5	283.1	295	344.5
P (H)	23	3.5	26	30	43	27	46
Р (В)	91	90.5	100	107	134.5	134.5	149.5
T suction (SAE)	11	/2"	2"	2"	21⁄2"	3"	31⁄2"
T (L)	189.8	201.3	227	249.5	285.6	298	344.5
Т (Н)	g	94	103.5	120	119	149	167
Т (В)	2	!1	25	30	0	5	7
L, U drain ports		M22x1.5			M27x2		M33x2
L (L)	112.8	124.3	142	164	180.6	197.5	215.5
L (H)	5	2	53	61	65	71.5	80.5
L (B)	86	6.5	85	101.5	108	128	145
U (L)	7	2	72	74.5	81.1	83	109
U (H)	4	4	54	54	62	60	68
U (B)	78	3.5	92.5	92.5	101	118	129.5
R - additional drain port			M14x1	.5, 13 deep	(NOTE)		

NOTE: If the pump is set vertically with shaft upward then the R port is strictly to be connected. The port R is located on the flange, at side (like U port) or bottom (like suction port) depending on the pump shape.

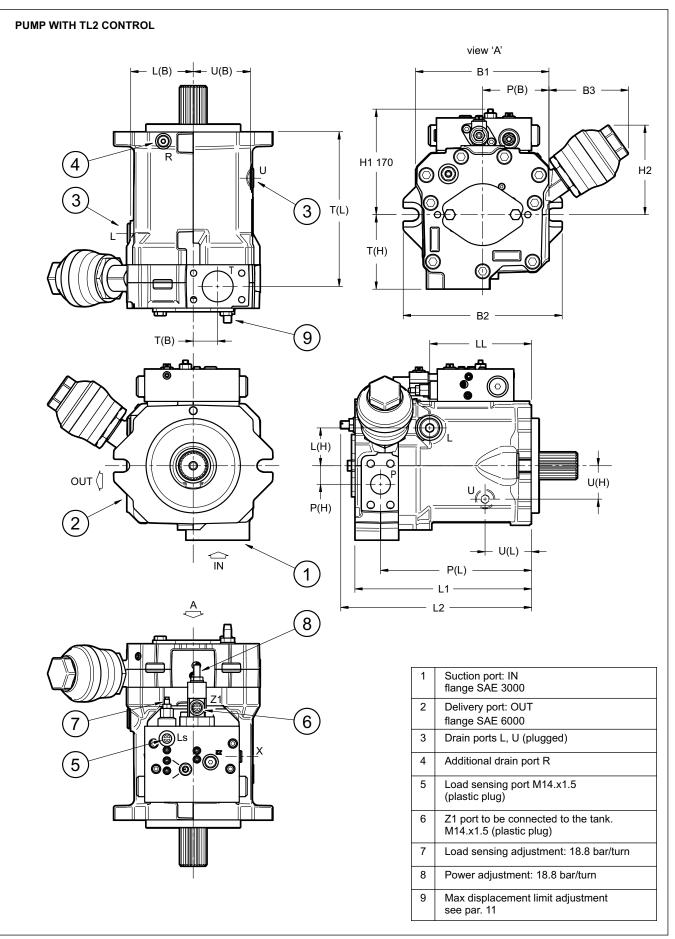




9 - SINGLE PUMPS WITH TL2 CONTROL - OVERALL DIMENSIONS

PUMP	105	135	210	280
Ø flange	127	152.4	165.1	165.1
L1	262	284.5	348	403
L2	301	323.5	387	442
H1	163	170	193	210.5
H2	134	144	144.3	200.7
H3	104.5	104	135	135
B1	194.5	214.8	266.3	314.5
B2	208	256.5	269	272
B3	118	106.7	102.4	119.5
PUMP	105	135	210	280
P delivery (SAE)	1"	1¼"	1	1/2"
P (L)	218	243.5	295	344.5
Р (Н)	26	30	27	46
Р (В)	100	107	144.5	154.1
T suction (SAE)	2"	2"	3"	31⁄2"
T (L)	227	249.5	298	344.5
Т (Н)	104	120	149	167
Т (В)	25	39.5	27	44
L, U drain ports	M22x1.5	M27x2	M27x2	M33x2
L (L)	142	164	191	215.5
L (H)	53	61	97.5	80.5
L (B)	92.5	101	128	129.5
U (L)	72	74.5	83	109
U (H)	54	54	60	68
				4 - 0 -
U (B)	85	92	118	159.5

NOTE: If the pump is set vertically with shaft upward then the R port is strictly to be connected. The port R is located on the flange, at side (like U port) or bottom (like suction port) depending on the pump shape.

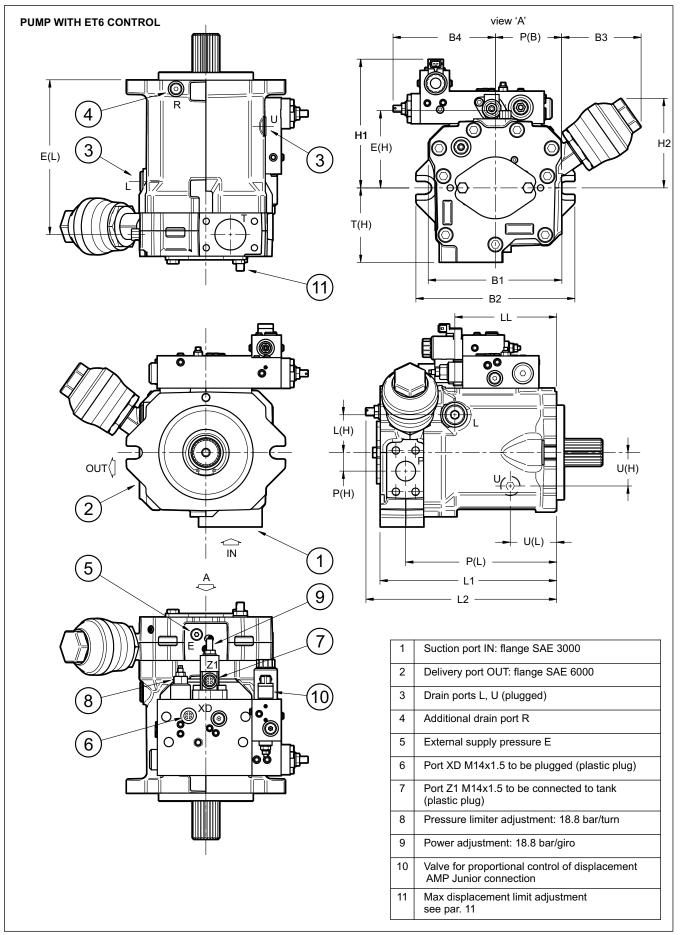


10 - SINGLE PUMPS WITH ET6 CONTROL - OVERALL DIMENSIONS

PUMP	105	135	210	280
Ø flange	127	152.4	165.1	165.1
L1	262	284.5	348	403
L2	301	323.5	387	442
L3	108.9	82.8	138.5	168
H1	200.5	207.5	230.5	248
H2	134	144	144.3	200.7
H3	104.5	104	135	135
B1	194.5	214.8	266.3	314.5
B2	208	256.5	269	272
B3	118	106.7	102.4	119.5
B4	165	165	165	146.5

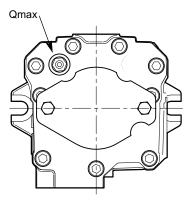
PUMP	105	135	210	280
P delivery (SAE)	1"	1¼"	1!	/2"
P (L)	218	243.5	295	344.5
P (H)	26	30	27	46
P (B)	100	107	144.5	154.1
T suction (SAE)	2"	2"	3"	3½"
T (L)	227	249.5	298	344.5
Т (Н)	104	120	149	167
Т (В)	25	39.5	27	44
L, U drain ports	M22x1.5	M27x2	M27x2	M33x2
L (L)	142	164	191	215.5
L (H)	53	61	97.5	80.5
L (B)	92.5	101	128	129.5
U (L)	72	74.5	83	109
U (H)	54	54	60	68
U (B)	85	92	118	159.5
R - additional drain port	ſ	M14x1.5 dee	p 13 (NOTE)
E - external supply pressure		M14	.x1.5	
E (L)	240.8	249.5	303	375
E (H)	135.6	142.6	165.6	183.1
E (B)	15	16	20	20

NOTE: If the pump is set vertically with shaft pointing upward then the R port is strictly to be connected. The port R is located on the flange, at side (like U port) or bottom (like suction port) depending on the pump shape.



11 - MAXIMUM DISPLACEMENT LIMITATION

The max angle for the swash plate is adjustable. The adjustment screw is placed on pump back. Values for pumps with rotary clockwise.

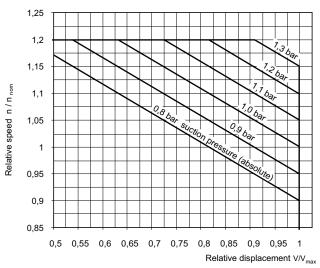


	Q max (cm³/turn)	displacement range (cm ³)
55	4.9	35 - 55
75	5.2	50 - 75
105	6.2	75 - 105
135	7	105 - 135
165		135 - 165
210	9.4	165 - 210
280		210 - 280

12 - INSTALLATION AND START-UP

It is recommended to install the pump below the oil level and horizontally as shown. For installations above oil level and / or vertically, contact our. technical dept. The maximum allowed input speed is also directly dependent on the suction pressure.

The temperature should not exceed 80 °C in any part of the system.



Suction

- Provide suction/inlet line continuously rising towards the tank.
- Avoid cavitation events providing adequate flooded suction or pressurized inlet should be of adequate supply as to guard against cavitation.
- On designing the suction line attention must be paid to a straight, short conduct largely avoiding bends. If bends are required, the bending radius must be as large as possible. The suction inlet in the hydraulic tank must have as largest section as possible.
- The suction line itself must be installed in such a way that it ends more than ≥100 mm above the tank bottom. In order to enlarge the entry diameter of the suction boss in the hydraulic tank, its end must be cut under 45°. The distance between entry and oil surface must be large enough to avoid air suction, recommended ≥ 200 mm.
- Take care of the tightness of the pipe/hose so that air is not drawn in.

Case drain

- Positive venting is vital for the correct operation of the hydraulic system.
- The pump must be always filled with oil, both at start-up and during stops, also long term stops.
- All case drain lines must be mounted continuously rising towards the tank. This allows any entrapped air to escape freely from the pump housing.
- The highest case drain port of the pump housing (ports U, L and R) must be connected separately to the tank. As a rule drain lines have to be kept separate from the main return line. The drain line has to enter the hydraulic tank below the oil level.
- The dimension must be ample enough that even at low temperatures the return flow pressure of the leak oil will be near zero. The case pressure (build-up) should not rise and stay higher than 2.5 bar(absolute) during operation.

Piping

- Pipe work should be seamless drawn precision steel tube or hoses of suitable pressure rating.
- During installation, attention should be paid to cleanliness. The pipes must be deburred, washed and blown through.
- Scaled or rusted pipes must be scoured and then neutralized -Hoses must be brushed and flushed through when contaminated.

Cleanliness

 Oil tank and installation have to be checked again for cleanliness before the hydraulic medium is added. This procedure has to be performed immediately before pouring takes place. It may even be expedient to flush the entire installation! Make sure that the pressure fluid corresponds to the required grade of cleanliness.

Drive rotation

• Before starting the engine make sure that the HPR-02 pump will be driven with the correct direction of rotation. With electric motors, it must be checked that the electrical connections are correct.

Filling pump and circuit:

- The initial filling of the system must be carried out in such a way that all of the air can escape from the high pressure circuit and from the pump housing before the hydraulic units are operated.
- The suction port and the casing of the HPR-02 are not related to each other. Before the hydraulic components may be exposed to load, the entire circuit must be filled and vented.

• Manually fill the HPR-02 pump at the most accessible case drain port with filtered oil. Manually fill the high pressure line with filtered oil. Fill the oil tank to the maximum level with filtered oil and fill all motor housings to the maximum level via the most accessible case drain port with filtered oil.

Start-up

- If there is an on/off valve in the suction line, make sure it is completely open before starting the engine.
- Start the electric motor and allow the HPR-02 to rotate for 5 seconds.
- Switch engine off and check fluid level in the tank. Top off if necessary. Before restarting the engine, check the installation for tightness.
- Repeat previous steps at least four more times.
- Start the electric motor, then slowly actuate the pump function to allow the pump to increase to maximum displacement. Leave the function fully actuated for 30 seconds, and then repeat the step three times.

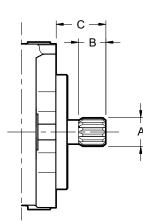
13 - FLANGES AND SHAFTS

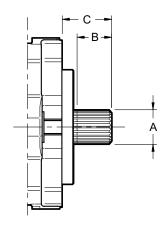
13.1 - Mounting flanges and splined shafts available as standard (SAE J774)

- Warm the system up by steadily increasing the pressure so as to allow any air to be purged from the fluid.
- Check the HPR-02 stand-by pressure, load sense margin pressure, pressure compensator setting (if applicable) and maximum flow setting when the hydraulic oil reaches its normal operating temperature.
- Check the oil level in the tank and refill with filtered oil if necessary before delivery of the machine.

			. ,				
PUMP	55	75	105	135	165	210	280
Front mounting flange		SAE C - 2 holes		SAE D - 2 holes (NOTE)		SAE E - 4 holes	
Pilot diameter		12	27	152	2,4	165	5,1
Shaft	-	E C /24 DP	SAE C-C 17 t 12/24 DP	SAI 13 t 8/		SAI 15t 8/1	
	-	21t 16/32	23t 16/32	27t 1	6/32	-	

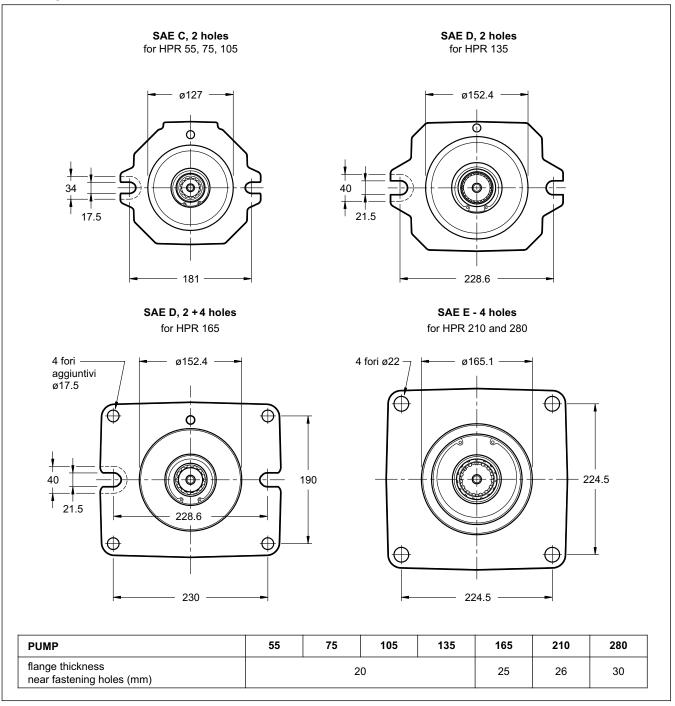
NOTE: HPR165 has also 4 additional holes Ø17.5





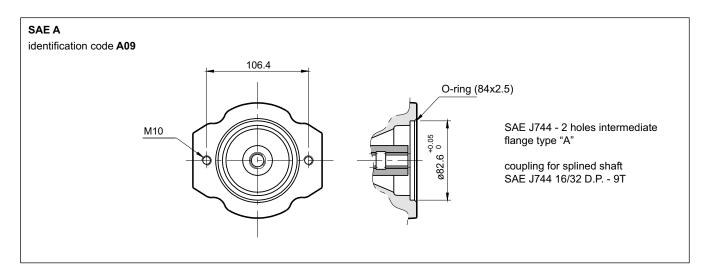
Shaft	SAE-J744	Туре	Α	В	с				
	code				HPR 55	HPR 75	HPR 105	HPR 135 /165	HPR 210 / 280
14 T 12/24 DP	SAE C	with undercut	31.22	30	54	55	_		
21t 16/32		no undercut	34.51	39.5			_		
17 t 12/24 DP	SAE C-C	with undercut	37.68	30			55	_	_
23t 16/32		no undercut	37.68	38.5					
13 t 8/16 DP	SAE D	with undercut	43.71	50	-	-		75	
27t 16/32		no undercut	44.05	62			-	10	
15t 8/16 DP	SAE F	no undercut	50.06	58				-	75

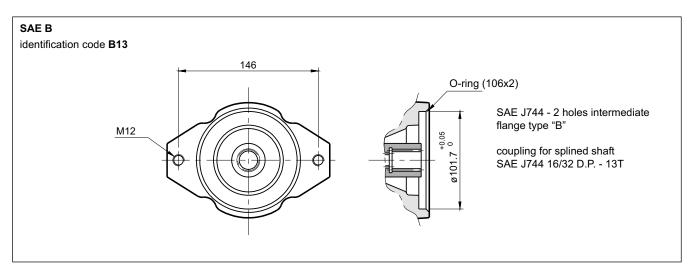
13.2 - Flanges

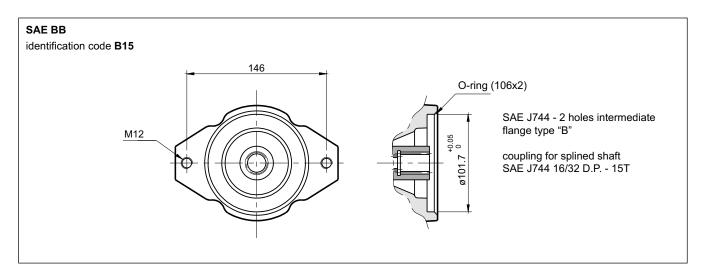


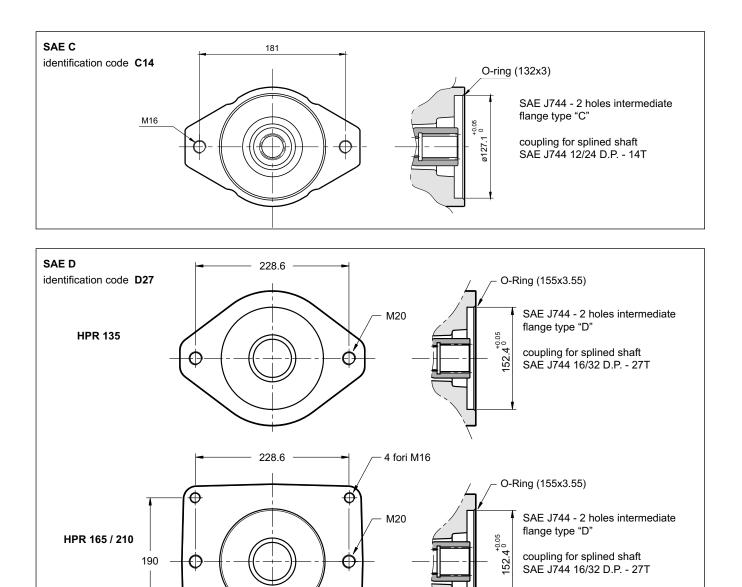
14 - PTO - POWER TAKE OFF

The HPR pumps can be supplied with a power take-off SAE J744 type, which allows coupling with other pumps models. As for identification see par. 1 "Identification code".









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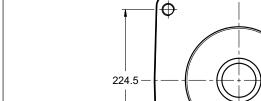
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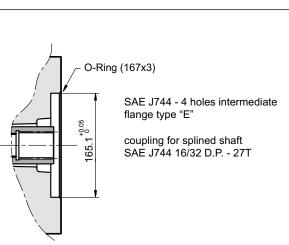
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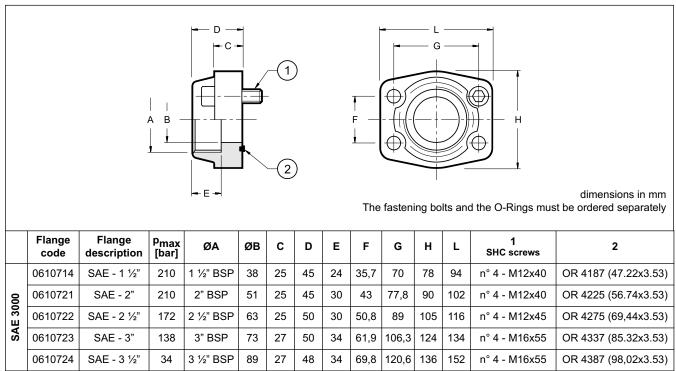


SAE E

identification code E27

	T - S	UCTION (
Pump	nominal size	A mm	B mm	C mm	D Threading and depth mm	
55, 75	1 1⁄2"	38	69.9	35,7	M12x16	
105	2"	50	77,8	42.9	M12x16	_ ► C -
135	2"	50	77,8	42.9	M12x17	
165	2 1⁄2"	64	88,9	50,8	*M12x21.5	
210	3"	76.2	106,4	61,9	M16x28.5	
280	3 1⁄2""	90	120.7	69,9	M16x29	А — (—) — В
	P - DE	LIVERY	(SAE 6000)		
Pump	nominal size	A mm	B mm	C mm	D Threading and depth mm	
		4.0	50,8	23,5	M10x17	
55, 75	3/4"	19	00,0		1	
55, 75 105	3/4" 1"	19 21	57,2	27,8	M12x17	
			,	27,8 31.8	M12x17 M14x19	
105	1"	21	57,2			
105 135	1" 1 ¼"	21 32	57,2 66.7	31.8	M14x19	

16 - CONNECTION FLANGES



n° 4 - M10x35 0770075 SAE - 3/4" 420 3/4" BSP 19 21 35 22 23,8 50,8 55 71 OR 4100 (24.99x3.53) 6000 0770092 SAE - 1" 420 1" BSP 25 27,7 57,1 81 n° 4 - M12x40 OR 4131 (32.93x3.53) 25 42 24 65 SAE 0770106 SAE - 1 1/4" 420 1 1⁄4" BSP 32 27 45 25 31,7 66,7 78 95 n° 4 - M14x45 OR 4150 (37.69x3.53) 0773462 SAE - 1 1/2" 420 1 1/2" BSP 112 n° 4 - M16x55 OR 4187 (47.22x3.53) 38 30 94 26 36,5 79,3 94



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